

DISCRETIZATION OF THE EQUATION OF RADIATIVE TRANSFER WITH COMPTON SCATTERING

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ABSTRACT

We have attempted to solve the equation of radiative transfer by including Compton and Inverse Compton scattering. We expanded the specific Intensity by Taylor series at about $v' = v_0$. The resulting equation has been discretized for obtaining the solution.

Key Words: Radiative transfer, spherical symmetry, Compton scattering, Inverse Compton scattering

1. Introduction

Compton and Inverse Compton scattering play an important role in the process of emission of x-ray spectrum which has been observed in a variety of objects. However compton scattering is very poorly understood inspite of the fact that many people claim to have successfully explained few observational results. In this paper we shall solve the transfer problem connected with Compton scattering.

2. Formulation of the equation of transfer

From Pomraning (1973), the classical equation of transfer is written (with usual notation).

$$\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial I(v, \Omega)}{\partial t} + \Omega \cdot \nabla I = \sigma_a^t(v) [B(v) - I(v, \Omega)] + \int_0^\infty dv' \int d\Omega' \frac{v}{v'} \sigma_s(v'+v, \Omega', \Omega) I(v', \Omega') [1 + \frac{c^2 I(v, \Omega)}{2hv^3}] + \int_0^\infty dv' \int_{4\pi} d\Omega' \sigma_s(v+v', \Omega', \Omega) I(v', \Omega') [1 + \frac{c^2 I(v, \Omega)}{2hv'^3}] \quad (2.1)$$

We shall assume that the electron temperatures and photon frequencies are not high, compared to the rest energy of the electron, i.e. Fokker-Planck approximation. We first expand $I(v', \Omega')$ in equation (2.1) in a Taylor series about $v' = v$, given by,

$$I(v', \Omega') = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \frac{\partial^n I(v, \Omega')}{\partial v^n} (v' - v)^n \quad (2.2)$$

Introducing (2.2) into (2.1) we obtain, (Pomraning, 1973)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \tilde{I}(v, \Omega)}{\partial t} + \Omega \cdot \Delta \tilde{I}(v, \Omega) &= \sigma_a'(v) [B(v) - \tilde{I}(v, \Omega)] \\
 &\quad - \frac{\sigma}{T_h} (1-2\gamma) \tilde{I}(v, \Omega) \\
 &+ \frac{\sigma}{T_h} \int_{4\pi} d\Omega' \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2n+1}{4\pi} \right) p_n(\Omega \cdot \Omega') S_n I(v, \Omega') \\
 &- \frac{3\sigma T_h}{16\pi} \frac{c^2}{hv^3} \gamma \tilde{I}(v, \Omega) \left(1 - v \frac{\partial}{\partial v} \right) \int d\Omega' [1 - (\Omega \cdot \Omega')^2 - (\Omega \cdot \Omega')^3] \tilde{I}(v, \Omega') \quad (2.3)
 \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_0 &= [1 - \gamma(1 - v \frac{\partial}{\partial v}) - \alpha(2v \frac{\partial}{\partial v} - v^2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial v^2})] \\
 S_1 &= \frac{2}{5} [\gamma(1 - v \frac{\partial}{\partial v}) - \alpha(1 - 2v \frac{\partial}{\partial v} + v^2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial v^2})] \\
 S_2 &= \frac{1}{10} [1 - \gamma(1 - v \frac{\partial}{\partial v}) - \alpha(6 + 2v \frac{\partial}{\partial v} - v^2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial v^2})] \\
 S_3 &= \frac{3}{10} [\gamma(1 - v \frac{\partial}{\partial v}) + \alpha(4 + 2v \frac{\partial}{\partial v} - v^2 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial v^2})] \quad (2.4)
 \end{aligned}$$

and p_n' 's are Legendre polynomials.

$$\gamma = \frac{hv}{m_0 c^2}, \quad \alpha = \frac{kT}{m_0 c^2} \quad (2.5)$$

After simplification we can write equation (2.3) as

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \tilde{I}(v, \Omega)}{\partial t} + \Omega \cdot \Delta \tilde{I}(v, \Omega) &= \sigma_a'(v) [B(v) - \tilde{I}(v, \Omega)] \\
 &\quad - \frac{\sigma}{T_h} (1-2\gamma) \tilde{I}(v, \Omega) \\
 &+ \frac{\sigma}{T_h} \int_{4\pi} \left\{ A + B \frac{\partial \tilde{I}(v, \Omega')}{\partial v} + C \frac{\partial^2 \tilde{I}(v, \Omega')}{\partial v^2} \right\} d\Omega' \\
 &- \frac{3\sigma T_h}{16\pi} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^3} \tilde{I}(v, \Omega) \left(1 - v \frac{\partial}{\partial v} \right) \\
 &\quad \int_{4\pi} (1 - \cos \theta + \cos^2 \theta - \cos^3 \theta) \tilde{I}(v, \Omega') d\Omega' \quad (2.6)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Where } \cos \theta = \underline{\Omega} \cdot \underline{\Omega}' = \cos \theta \cos \phi + \sin \theta \sin \phi \cos \phi' \quad (2.7)$$

The quantities A, B, C are given by,

$$A = \frac{1}{4\pi} \left\{ \left(1-\gamma\right) + \frac{6}{5} p_1 (\gamma-\alpha) + \frac{1}{2} p_2 (1-\gamma-6\alpha) + \frac{3}{10} p_3 (\gamma+4\alpha) \right\} \quad (2.8)$$

$$B = \frac{\nu(\gamma-2\alpha)}{4\pi} \left(1 - \frac{6}{5} p_1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 - \frac{3}{10} p_3 \right) \quad (2.9)$$

$$C = \frac{2\alpha\nu^2}{4\pi} \left(1 - \frac{3}{5} p_1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 - \frac{3}{20} p_3 \right) \quad (2.10)$$

Equation (2.6) will be discretized in the next section. We shall consider the time independent transfer equation.

3. Discretization of Transfer Equation

Let us write the equation from (2.6) as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \mu \frac{\partial I_v}{\partial r} + \frac{1-\mu^2}{r} \frac{\partial I_v}{\partial \mu} &= \sigma_a'(v) [B_v - I_v] - \frac{\sigma'}{\tau_h} (1-2\gamma) I_v \\ &+ \frac{\sigma}{\tau_h} \int_{4\pi} \left[A + B \frac{\partial I_v(\Omega')}{\partial v} + C \frac{\partial^2 I_v(\Omega')}{\partial v^2} \right] d\Omega' \\ \frac{3\sigma_{Th}}{16\pi} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^3} I_v (1-v \frac{\partial}{\partial v}) \int (1-\cos \theta + \cos^2 \theta - \cos^3 \theta) I_v(\Omega') d\Omega' \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

$$\cos \theta = \cos \theta \cos \theta' + \sin \theta \sin \theta' \cos \phi = \mu \mu' + (1-\mu^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} (1-\mu'^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos \phi$$

$$d\Omega' = \sin \theta d\theta d\phi$$

$$\cos \theta = M_1 + M_2 \cos \phi$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = (M_1 + M_2 \cos \phi)^2 = M_1^2 + M_2^2 \cos^2 \phi + 2M_1 M_2 \cos \phi$$

$$\cos^3 \theta = (M_1 + M_2 \cos \phi)^3 = M_1^3 + 3M_1^2 M_2 \cos \phi + 3M_1 M_2^2 \cos^2 \phi + M_2^3 \cos^3 \phi$$

$$\int \cos \theta d\Omega' = \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} (M_1 + M_2 \cos \phi) \sin \theta d\theta d\phi$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} M_1 \sin \theta d\theta d\phi + \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} M_2 \cos \phi \sin \theta d\theta d\phi$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^{\pi} M_1 \sin \theta d\theta = 2\pi \int_0^{\pi} M_1 \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$\int (M_1^2 + M_2^2 \cos^2 \phi + 2M_1 M_2 \cos \phi) d\phi$$

$$\int (M_1^2 + \pi M_2^2 + 2M_1 M_2) \frac{\sin \theta d\theta}{d\mu} \int (M_1^2 + \pi M_2^2) d\mu \quad (2)$$

$$\int \cos \Theta I_V(\Omega') d\Omega' = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (M_1 + M_2 \cos \phi) d\mu' d\phi$$

$$\int \cos^2 \Theta d\Omega' I_V(\Omega')$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} I_V(\Omega') (M_1^2 + M_2^2 \cos^2 \phi + 2M_1 M_2 \cos \phi) d\phi d(\cos \theta') \\ = \int_0^{2\pi} I_V(\theta', \phi') [2\pi M_1 + \pi M_2^2] d(\cos \theta') \quad (3)$$

$$\int \cos^3 \Theta \, d\Omega = (M_1^3 + 3M_1 M_2^2 \cos \varphi + 3M_1 M_2^2 \cos^2 \varphi + M_2^3 \cos^3 \varphi) d\varphi$$

$$= 2\pi M_1^3 + 3\pi M_1 M_2^2$$

$$\int (1 - \cos \Theta + \cos^2 \Theta - \cos^3 \Theta) I_{\nu}(\Omega') d\Omega$$

$$f(1 + \pi M^2) - 2\pi M^3 - 3\pi M M^2) I(\mu') d\mu'$$

$$= \pi f(1 + M_2^2 - 2M_1^3 - 3M_1 M_2^2) I(\mu') d\mu' \quad (4)$$

$$M_2^2 - 2M_1^3 - 3M_1 M_2^2 = M_2^2 - M_1 (2M_1^2 - 3M_2^2)$$

$$= \mu_1 \mu_2 \{ \mu_1 \mu_2 + 3 - 3(\mu_1^2 + \mu_2^2) + \mu_1^2 \mu_2^2 \} \quad (5)$$

Further more,

$$= \frac{3}{16} \cdot \frac{\sigma_{Th}}{\pi} \cdot \frac{c^2 \gamma}{h\nu^3} I_\nu(\Omega) \left(1 - \nu \frac{\partial}{\partial \nu}\right) \int_{4\pi} (1 - \cos \Theta + \cos^2 \Theta - \cos^3 \Theta) I_\nu(\Omega') d\Omega'$$

$$= \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{h\nu^3} I_v(\mu) (1 - v \frac{\partial}{\partial v}) \int_1^1 (1 + M_2^2 - 2M_1^3 - 3M_1 M_2^2) I_v(\mu') d\mu' \quad (6)$$

$$M_1 = \mu\mu', M_2 = [(1-\mu^2)(1-\mu'^2)]^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (7)$$

The equation for Compton scattering can be written as,

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial I(r, \mu, v)}{\partial t} + \mu \frac{\partial I(r, \mu, v)}{\partial r} + \frac{1-\mu^2}{r} \frac{\partial I(r, \mu, v)}{\partial \mu} \\ &= \sigma_a(v) \{B(r, \mu, v) - I(r, \mu, v)\} - \frac{\sigma}{Th} (1-2\gamma) I(r, \mu, v) \\ &+ \frac{\sigma}{Th} \cdot 2\pi \int_{\frac{1}{4}\pi}^{\frac{1}{2}\pi} \{A+B \frac{\partial I(r, \mu, v)}{\partial v} + C \frac{\partial^2 I(r, \mu, v)}{\partial v^2}\} d\mu' \\ & \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{h\nu^3} I(r, \mu, v) (1 - v \frac{\partial}{\partial v}) \int (1 + M_2^2 - 2M_1^3 - 3M_1 M_2^2) I(r, \mu', v) d\mu' \quad (8) \end{aligned}$$

Let us write (Peraiah and Varghese, 1985)

$$\begin{aligned} I(r, \mu, v) &= I_o + I_\rho \xi + I_\mu \eta + I_v \chi + I_{\rho\mu} \xi \eta + I_{\mu v} \eta \chi \\ &+ I_{v\rho} \chi \xi + I_{\rho\mu v} \xi \eta \chi \quad (9) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta_\mu &= \frac{1}{\Delta\mu} \int_{\Delta\mu} \dots d\mu \\ \theta_v &= \frac{1}{V} \int_{\Delta r} \dots 4\pi r^2 dr \quad (10) \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta_v = \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int_{\Delta v} \dots dv$$

$$\xi = \frac{r - \bar{r}}{\Delta r/2}, \Delta r = (r_{n+1} - r_n)$$

$$\bar{r} = \frac{1}{2} (r_{n+1} + r_n)$$

$$\eta = \frac{\mu - \bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu/2}, \Delta\mu = (\mu_{j+1} - \mu_j)$$

$$\bar{\mu} = \frac{1}{2} (\mu_{j+1} + \mu_j) \quad (11)$$

$$x = \frac{v - \bar{v}}{\Delta v/2} \quad \Delta v = (v_{k+1} - v_k)$$

$$v = \frac{1}{2} (v_{k+1} + v_k)$$

We can have $I_a, I_b, I_c, I_d, I_e, I_f, I_g, I_h$, as the nodal values. Consider the Time-independent transfer only.

Let us calculate $\frac{\partial I}{\partial v}$ and $\frac{\partial^2 I}{\partial v^2}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial I}{\partial v} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial v} \{ I_0 + I_\rho \xi + I_\mu n + I_v x + I_{\rho\mu} \xi n + I_{\mu v} n x \\ &\quad + I_{v\rho} x \xi + I_{\rho\mu v} \xi n x \} \\ &= \frac{2}{\Delta v} \{ I_v + n \frac{2}{\Delta v} I_{\mu v} + \xi \frac{2}{\Delta v} I_{v\rho} + \xi n \frac{2}{\Delta v} I_{\rho\mu v} \\ &= \frac{2}{\Delta v} \{ I_v + n I_{\mu v} + \xi I_{v\rho} + \xi n I_{\rho\mu v} \} \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 I(r, \mu, v)}{\partial v^2} = 0 \quad (13)$$

Let us calculate the integral

$$\begin{aligned} &\int_{-1}^{+1} (1 - M_2^2 - 2M_1^3 - 3M_1 M_2^2) I(r, \mu', v) d\mu' \\ &\int_{-1}^{+1} [(1 - (1 - \mu^2)(1 - \mu'^2) - 2\mu^3 \mu'^3 - 3\mu \mu' (1 - \mu^2)(1 - \mu'^2))] \\ &\quad [I_0 + I_\rho \xi + I_\mu n' + I_v x + I_{\rho\mu} \xi n' + I_{\mu v} n' x \\ &\quad + I_{v\rho} x \xi + I_{\rho\mu v} \xi n' x] d\mu' \\ &= (1 - \mu^2 - \mu'^2 + \mu^2 \mu'^2) - 2\mu^3 \mu'^3 - 3\mu \mu' (1 - \mu^2 - \mu'^2 + \mu^2 \mu'^2) \\ &= \frac{2}{3} (2\mu^2 + 1) \end{aligned} \quad (14)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &[\mu^2 + \mu'^2 - \mu^2 \mu'^2 - 5\mu^3 \mu'^3 - 3\mu \mu' + 3\mu^3 \mu' + 3\mu \mu'^3] \mu' \\ &= [\mu^2 \mu' + \mu'^2 - \mu^4 \mu'^2 - 5\mu^3 \mu'^4 - 3\mu \mu'^2 + 3\mu^3 \mu'^2 + 3\mu \mu'^4] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{-1}^{+1} (\mu^2 \mu' + \mu'^3 - \mu^2 \mu'^3 - 5\mu^3 \mu'^4 - 3\mu \mu'^2 + 3\mu^3 \mu'^2 + 3\mu \mu'^4) d\mu' \\
 &= \left\{ \frac{1}{2}\mu^2 \mu'^2 + \frac{1}{4}\mu^2 \mu'^4 - \mu^3 \mu'^5 - \mu \mu'^3 + \mu^3 \mu'^3 + \frac{3}{5}\mu \mu'^5 \right\}_{-1}^{+1} \\
 &= -\frac{4}{5}\mu
 \end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

Therefore, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{-1}^{+1} (1 - M_2^2 - 2M_1^3 - 3M_1 M_2) I(r, \mu', v) d\mu' \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}(1+2\mu^2)(I_o + I_{\rho} \xi + I_v \chi + I_{v\rho} \chi \xi) \\
 &\quad - \frac{2}{\Delta\mu} \cdot \frac{4}{5}\mu(I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu} \xi + I_{\mu\nu} \chi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \chi) \\
 &\quad - \frac{2\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \frac{2}{3}(1+2\mu^2)(I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu} \xi + I_{\mu\nu} \chi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \chi) \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}(1+2\mu^2)[(I_o + I_{\rho} \xi + I_v \chi + I_{v\rho} \chi \xi) - \frac{2\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu}(I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu} \xi + I_{\mu\nu} \chi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \chi)] \\
 &\quad - \frac{8}{5}\frac{\mu}{\Delta\mu}(I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu} \xi + I_{\mu\nu} \chi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \chi) \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}(1+2\mu^2)(I_o + I_{\rho} \xi + I_v \chi + I_{v\rho} \chi \xi) - \left\{ \frac{2}{3}(1+2\mu^2) \frac{2\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} + \frac{8}{5}\frac{\mu}{\Delta\mu} \right\} \\
 &\quad (I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu} \xi + I_{\mu\nu} \chi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \chi)
 \end{aligned} \tag{16}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{-1}^{+1} (1 - M_2^2 - 2M_1^3 - 3M_1 M_2^2) I(r, \mu', v) d\mu' \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}(1+2\mu^2)(I_o + I_{\rho} \xi + I_v \chi + I_{v\rho} \chi \xi) \\
 &\quad - \left\{ \frac{4}{3}(1+2\mu^2) \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} + \frac{8}{5}\frac{\mu}{\Delta\mu} \right\} (I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu} \xi + I_{\mu\nu} \chi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \chi) \\
 &\quad - \frac{3}{16}\frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^3} I_v (1 - v \frac{\partial}{\partial v}) \int (1 - M_2^2 - 2M_1^3 - 3M_1 M_2^2) I_v(\mu') d\mu' \\
 &= \frac{3}{16}\frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^3} I_v (1 - v \frac{\partial}{\partial v}) \left[\frac{2}{3}(1+2\mu^2)(I_o + I_{\rho} \xi + I_v \chi + I_{v\rho} \chi \xi) \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{4}{3}(1+2\mu^2) \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} + \frac{8}{5}\frac{\mu}{\Delta\mu} (I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu} \xi + I_{\mu\nu} \chi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \chi) \right]
 \end{aligned} \tag{17}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^3} I_v \left[\frac{2}{3} (1+2\mu^2) (I_o + I_{\rho\xi} + I_{\nu\xi} + I_{\nu\rho\xi}) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \left\{ \frac{4}{3} (1+2\mu^2) \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \right\} (I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu\xi} + I_{\mu\nu\xi} + I_{\rho\mu\nu\xi}) \right] \\
&= \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^2} I_v \frac{\partial}{\partial v} \left[\frac{2}{3} (1+2\mu^2) (I_o + I_{\rho\xi} + I_{\nu\xi} + I_{\nu\rho\xi}) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \left\{ \frac{4}{3} (1+2\mu^2) \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \right\} (I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu\xi} + I_{\mu\nu\xi} + I_{\rho\mu\nu\xi}) \right] \\
&= \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^3} I(r, \mu, v) \left[\frac{2}{3} (1+2\mu^2) (I_o + I_{\rho\xi} + I_{\nu\xi} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + I_{\nu\rho\xi}) - \frac{4}{3} (1+2\mu^2) \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} (I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu\xi} + I_{\mu\nu\xi} + I_{\rho\mu\nu\xi}) \right] \\
&\quad - \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^2} I(r, \mu, v) \left[\frac{2}{3} (1+2\mu^2) \left\{ \frac{2}{\Delta v} (I_v + I_{\nu\rho\xi}) \right\} \right. \\
&\quad \left. - \left\{ \frac{4}{3} (1+2\mu^2) \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \right\} \left\{ \frac{2}{\Delta\mu} (I_{\mu\nu} + I_{\rho\mu\nu\xi}) \right\} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Let $p = \frac{2}{3} (1+2\mu^2)$ and $q = \left\{ \frac{4}{3} (1+2\mu^2) \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} + \frac{8}{5} \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \right\}$

then,

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^3} I(r, \mu, v) \left[\{p(I_o + I_{\rho\xi} + I_{\nu\xi} + I_{\nu\rho\xi}) \right. \\
&\quad \left. - q(I_\mu + I_{\rho\mu\xi} + I_{\mu\nu\xi} + I_{\rho\mu\nu\xi})\} \right. \\
&\quad \left. - p \frac{2v}{\Delta v} (I_v + I_{\nu\rho\xi}) - \frac{2v}{\Delta v} q (I_{\mu\nu} + I_{\rho\mu\nu\xi}) \right] \quad (18) \\
&= \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^3} I(r, \mu, v) [pI_o + p\xi I_\rho - qI_\mu + p(\chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_v \\
&\quad - q\xi I_{\rho\mu} - q(\chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\mu\nu} + p(\chi\xi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} - q(\xi\chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu}] \\
&= \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{hv^3} I(r, \mu, v) [pI_o + p\xi I_\rho - qI_\mu - 2p \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_v \\
&\quad - q\xi I_{\rho\mu} + 2q \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} + p(\chi\xi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} \\
&\quad - q(\xi\chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu}]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial I(r, \mu, v)}{\partial v} = & \frac{\partial}{\partial v} \{ I_0 + I_\rho \xi + I_\mu \eta + I_v x + I_{\rho\mu} \xi \eta \\
 & + I_{\mu\nu} \eta x + I_{v\rho} x \xi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \eta x \} \\
 & - \frac{2}{\Delta v} \{ I_v - \eta I_{\mu\nu} - \xi I_{v\rho} - \xi \eta I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \\
 \frac{\partial I(r, \mu, v)}{\partial v} = & \frac{2}{\Delta v} \{ I_v - \eta I_{\mu\nu} - \xi I_{v\rho} - \xi \eta I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \quad (20)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mu \frac{\partial I(r, \mu, v)}{\partial r} = & \mu \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \{ I_0 + I_\rho \xi + I_\mu \eta + I_v x \\
 & + I_{\rho\mu} \xi \eta + I_{\mu\nu} \eta x + I_{v\rho} x \xi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \eta x \} \\
 & - \mu \frac{2}{\Delta r} \{ I_\rho + \eta I_{\rho\mu} + x I_{v\rho} - \eta x I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \\
 & - \frac{2\mu}{\Delta r} \{ I_\rho - \eta I_{\rho\mu} - x I_{v\rho} - \eta x I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \quad (21)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1-\mu^2}{r} \frac{\partial I(r, \mu, v)}{\partial \mu} = & \frac{1-\mu^2}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} \{ I_0 + I_\rho \xi + I_\mu \eta + I_v x \\
 & + I_{\rho\mu} \xi \eta + I_{\mu\nu} \eta x + I_{v\rho} x \xi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \eta x \} \\
 & - \frac{1-\mu^2}{r} \frac{2}{\Delta \mu} \{ I_\mu - \xi I_{\rho\mu} + x I_{\mu\nu} - \xi x I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \quad (22)
 \end{aligned}$$

We shall replace the specific intensity in equation (8) by that given in equation (9) and rewrite equation (8) as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{2\mu}{\Delta r} \{ I_\rho - \eta I_{\rho\mu} - x I_{v\rho} - \eta x I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} = & \frac{1-\mu^2}{r} \frac{2}{\Delta \mu} \{ I_\mu \\
 & + \xi I_{\rho\mu} - x I_{\mu\nu} - \xi x I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \\
 \sigma_a B(r, \mu, v) = & [\sigma_a(v) - \frac{\sigma}{T_h} (1-2\gamma)] [I_0 + I_\rho \xi + I_\mu \eta \\
 & + I_v x + I_{\rho\mu} \xi \eta + I_{\mu\nu} \eta x + I_{v\rho} x \xi + I_{\rho\mu\nu} \xi \eta x] \\
 & + 2\pi \frac{\sigma}{T_h} f A d\mu - 2\pi \frac{\sigma}{T_h} f B \frac{2}{\Delta v} \{ I_v - \eta I_{\mu\nu} - \xi I_{v\rho} \}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 + \xi \eta I_{\rho\mu\nu}) - \frac{3}{16} \sigma_{Th} \frac{c^2 Y}{hv^3} I(r, \mu, v) [pI_0 + p\xi I_\rho \\
 - qI_\mu - 2p \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_v - q\xi I_{\rho\mu} + 2q \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} \\
 + p(\chi\xi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{v\rho} - q(\xi\chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu}] \quad (23)
 \end{aligned}$$

We apply θ_μ on (23):

$$\theta_\mu[\mu] = \frac{1}{\Delta\mu} \sum_{j=1}^{\mu} \mu_j d\mu \quad (24)$$

$$\theta_\mu[\mu] = \bar{\mu} \quad (25)$$

$$\theta_\mu[\eta] = 0 \quad (26)$$

$$\theta_\mu[\mu\eta] = \frac{1}{6} \Delta\mu \quad (27)$$

$$\theta_\mu[1-\mu^2] = 1-\bar{\mu}^2 \quad (28)$$

$$\bar{\mu}^2 = \frac{1}{3} (\mu_{j+1}^2 + \mu_{j+1} \mu_j + \mu_j^2) \quad (28)$$

Now we apply θ_μ on (23) and use (24) to (28).

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2\bar{\mu}}{\Delta r} (I_\rho + \chi I_{v\rho}) + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta\mu}{\Delta r} (I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}) \\
 & + \frac{2(1-\bar{\mu}^2)}{r\Delta\mu} (I_\mu + \xi I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\mu\nu} + \xi\chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}) \\
 & - \frac{2\bar{\mu}}{r} \{I_0 + \xi I_\rho + \chi I_v + \chi\xi I_{v\rho}\} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta\mu}{r} \{I_\mu + \xi I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\mu\nu} + \xi\chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}\} \\
 & = \sigma_a' B(r, \bar{\mu}, v) - [\sigma_a'(v) + \sigma_{Th}(1-2Y)] [I_0 + \xi I_\rho + \chi I_v + \chi\xi I_{v\rho}] \\
 & + 4\pi \frac{\sigma}{Th} A + \frac{8\pi\sigma_{Th} B}{\Delta v} (I_v + \xi I_{v\rho}) \\
 & - \frac{3}{16} \sigma_{Th} \frac{c^2 Y}{hv^3} \theta_\mu [I(r, \mu, v) [pI_0 + p\xi I_\rho - qI_\mu \\
 & - 2p \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_v - q\xi I_{\rho\mu} + 2q \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} + p(\chi\xi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{v\rho} - q(\xi\chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu}] \quad (29)
 \end{aligned}$$

The last term in (29) should be worked out separately.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & [I_0 + \xi I_\rho + \eta I_\mu + \chi I_\nu + \xi\eta I_{\rho\mu} + \eta\chi I_{\mu\nu} \\
 & + \chi\xi I_{\nu\rho} + \xi\eta\chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}] [pI_0 + p\xi I_\rho - qI_\mu \\
 & - 2p \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu - q\xi I_{\rho\mu} + 2q \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} + p(\chi\xi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} \\
 & - q(\xi\chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu}] \quad (30)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$p = \frac{2}{3} (1+2\mu^2), \quad q = \frac{4}{3} (1+2\mu^2) \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} + \frac{8}{5\Delta\mu} + \mu$$

Apply Θ_μ on p and q:

$$\Theta_\mu [p] = \frac{2}{3} [1+2(\bar{\mu}^2)] = p_\mu \quad (31)$$

$$\Theta_\mu [q] = \frac{4\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{3} [1+2(\bar{\mu}^2)] = q_\mu \quad (32)$$

We have to calculate

$$\Theta_\mu [\eta p] \text{ and } \Theta_\mu [\eta q]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Theta_\mu [\eta p] &= \frac{1}{\Delta\mu} \int \frac{2(\mu-\bar{\mu})}{\Delta\mu} \frac{2}{3} (1+2\mu^2) d\mu \\
 \Theta_\mu [\eta p] &= \frac{4}{9} \Delta\mu \cdot \bar{\mu} \quad (33)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= p_{\eta\mu}$$

$$q_{\eta\mu} = \Theta_\mu [\eta q] = 8 \left(\frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \right)^2 \left\{ \frac{7}{5} + \mu_j^2 + \mu_{j+1}^2 + \frac{1}{30} \left(\frac{\Delta\mu}{\bar{\mu}} \right)^2 \right\} - q_\mu \quad (34)$$

$$\Theta_\mu [p] = \frac{2}{3} \{1+2\bar{\mu}^2\} = p_\mu$$

$$\Theta_\mu [q] = 4 \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \left\{ \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{3} (1+\bar{\mu}^2) \right\} = q_\mu$$

$$\Theta_\mu [\eta p] = \frac{4}{9} \Delta\mu \cdot \bar{\mu} = p_{\eta\mu}$$

$$\Theta_\mu [\eta q] = 8 \left(\frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \right)^2 \left\{ \frac{7}{5} + \mu_j^2 + \mu_{j+1}^2 + \frac{1}{30} \left(\frac{\Delta\mu}{\bar{\mu}} \right)^2 \right\} - q_\mu = q_{\eta\mu} \quad (35)$$

From equation (30) and (35) after applying Θ_μ we get, equation (30)

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (I_0 + \xi I_\rho + \chi I_\nu + \chi \xi I_{\nu\rho}) \{ p_\mu I_0 + p_\mu \xi I_\rho - q_\mu I_\mu \\
&- 2p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu - q_\mu \xi I_{\rho\mu} + 2q_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta \mu} I_{\mu\nu} + p_\mu (\chi \xi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} \\
&- q_\mu (\xi \chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \\
&+ (I_\mu + \xi I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\mu\nu} + \xi \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}) \\
&\{ p_{\eta\mu} I_0 + p_{\eta\mu} \xi I_\rho - q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu - 2p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu \\
&- q_{\eta\mu} \xi I_{\rho\mu} + 2q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} + p_{\eta\mu} (\chi \xi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} \\
&- q_{\eta\mu} (\xi \chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} = A_\mu \tag{36}
\end{aligned}$$

Let us rewrite equation (29) as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
&\frac{2\bar{\mu}}{\Delta r} (I_\rho + \chi I_{\nu\rho}) + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta \mu}{\Delta r} (I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}) \\
&+ \frac{2}{r} \frac{1-\bar{\mu}^2}{\Delta \mu} (I_\mu + \xi I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\mu\nu} + \xi \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}) \\
&- \frac{2\bar{\mu}}{r} \{ I_0 + \xi I_\rho + \chi I_\nu + \chi \xi I_{\nu\rho} \} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta \mu}{r} \{ I_\mu + \xi I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\mu\nu} + \xi \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \\
&= \sigma'_a (v) B(r, \mu, \nu) - \sigma'_a (v) + \frac{\sigma}{T_h} (1-2\gamma) [I_0 + \xi I_\rho \\
&+ \chi I_\nu + \chi \xi I_{\nu\rho}] + 4\pi \frac{\sigma}{T_h} A + \frac{8\pi \sigma T_h B}{\Delta v} (I_\nu + \xi I_{\nu\rho}) \\
&- \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{T_h} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{h\nu^3} A_\mu \tag{37}
\end{aligned}$$

Where A_μ is given by equation (36). We shall now apply $\theta_V = \frac{1}{V} \int \dots 4\pi r^2 dr$ on equation (37). First let us consider A_μ in equation (36).

$$\begin{aligned}
\theta_V [\xi/r] &= \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2-\bar{r} \cdot \frac{\Delta A}{V}) \\
\theta_V [1/r] &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} \\
\theta_V [\xi] &= \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \tag{38}
\end{aligned}$$

$\Theta_V [Y] = Y$ where Y is independent of r .

$$\Theta_V [\xi^2] = \bar{R}$$

where $\bar{R} = \frac{16\pi}{V(\Delta r^2)} \left[\frac{1}{5} r_5^5 - \frac{1}{2} \bar{r} r_4^4 + \frac{1}{3} (\bar{r}) r_3^3 \right]$

$$\left[r^5 \right]_{r_i}^{r_{i+1}} = (r_{i+1} - r_i)(r_{i+1}^4 + r_{i+1}^3 r_i + r_{i+1}^2 r_i^2 + r_{i+1} r_i^3 + r_i^4)$$

$$= \Delta r \cdot r_5$$

$$\left[r^4 \right]_{r_i}^{r_{i+1}} = (r_{i+1}^2 + r_i^2)(r_{i+1} + r_i) r_{i+1} - r_i$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \bar{r} - r^4 + (\bar{r})^2 \Delta r \cdot (r_{i+1}^2 + r_i^2) = \Delta r (\bar{r})^2 (r_{i+1}^2 + r_i^2)$$

$$\left[r^3 \right] = \Delta r \cdot (r_{i+1}^2 + r_{i+1} r_i + r_i^2) = \Delta r \cdot r_3$$

$$\frac{1}{3} (\bar{r}) r^3 \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} (\Delta r) \cdot (\bar{r}) \cdot r_3/2$$

$$\Theta_V [\xi^2] = \frac{16\pi}{V \cdot \Delta r} \left\{ \frac{1}{5} r_5^5 - (\bar{r})^2 r_4^4 + \frac{1}{3} (\bar{r}) r_3^3 \right\}$$

or

$$\Theta_V [\xi^2] = \frac{16\pi}{V \cdot \Delta r} \left\{ \frac{1}{5} r_5^5 - (\bar{r})^2 r_4^4 + \frac{1}{3} (\bar{r}) r_3^3 \right\} = \bar{R}$$

$$r_3 = r_{i+1}^2 + r_{i+1} r_i + r_i^2$$

$$r_4 = r_{i+1}^2 + r_i^2 \quad (39)$$

$$r_5 = r_{i+1}^4 + r_{i+1}^3 r_i + r_{i+1}^2 r_i^2 + r_{i+1}^3 r_i^3 + r_i^4$$

Expanding equation (36), we obtain by applying Θ_V

$$\begin{aligned} & \{ p_\mu I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_\mu I_\rho - q_\mu I_\mu - 2p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_v \\ & - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} q_\mu I_{\rho\mu} + 2q_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu v} + p_\mu \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v} \right) I_{v\rho} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - q_\mu \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \chi - \frac{2v}{\Delta v} \right) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \{ I_0 + \chi I_v \} \\
& + \left[\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_\mu I_0 + \bar{R} p_\mu I_\rho - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} q_\mu I_\mu - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_v \right. \\
& - \bar{R} q_\mu I_{\rho\mu} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} + p_\mu (\bar{R}\chi - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{v}{\Delta v}) I_{v\rho} \\
& - q_\mu (\bar{R}\chi - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{v}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \{ I_\rho + \chi I_{v\rho} \} \\
& + \{ I_\mu + \chi I_{\mu\nu} \} \{ p_{\eta\mu} I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_{\eta\mu} I_\rho - q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu \\
& - 2p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_v - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu} + 2q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} \\
& + p_{\eta\mu} \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \chi - 2 \frac{v}{\Delta v} \right) I_{v\rho} - q_{\eta\mu} \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \chi - 2 \frac{v}{\Delta v} \right) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \\
& + \{ I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} \\
& \{ \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_{\eta\mu} I_0 + \bar{R} p_{\eta\mu} I_\rho - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_v \\
& - \bar{R} q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} + p_{\eta\mu} (\bar{R}\chi - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{v}{\Delta v}) I_{v\rho} \\
& - q_{\eta\mu} (\bar{R}\chi - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{v}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} = A_{\mu\xi} \tag{40}
\end{aligned}$$

The term $\frac{8\pi\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} B(I_v + \xi I_{v\rho})$ becomes upon θ_V operation,

$$\theta_V \left[\frac{8\pi\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} B(I_v + \xi I_{v\rho}) \right] = \frac{8\pi\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} B(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_{v\rho}) \tag{41}$$

$$\text{Let } \sigma'_a(v) + \sigma_{Th}(1-2\gamma) = \Sigma(v)$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned}
& \theta_V [\Sigma(v)(I_0 + \xi I_\rho + \chi I_v + \chi \xi I_{v\rho})] \\
& = \Sigma(v)(I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_\rho + \chi I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \chi I_{v\rho}) \tag{42}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\theta_V [\sigma'_a(v)(B_0 + \xi B_\rho + \chi B_v + \chi \xi B_{v\rho})]$$

$$= \sigma_a^*(v) \{ (B_0 + \chi B_v) + (B_\rho + B_{v\rho} \chi) \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \} \quad (43)$$

Equation (36) becomes after Θ_V operation,

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{\Delta r} [\bar{\mu} (I_\rho + \chi I_{v\rho}) + \frac{\Delta \mu}{6} (I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\rho\mu v})] \\ & + \frac{2}{\Delta \mu} (1 - \bar{\mu}^2) [(I_\mu + \chi I_{\mu v}) \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} + (I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\rho\mu v}) \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r} \Delta A}{V})] \\ & - 2\bar{\mu} [(I_0 + \chi I_v) \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} + (I_\rho + \chi I_{v\rho}) \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r} \Delta A}{V})] \\ & - \frac{\Delta \mu}{3} [(I_\mu + \chi I_{\mu v}) \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\Delta A}{V} + (I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\rho\mu v}) \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r} \Delta A}{V})] \\ & = \sigma_a^*(v) \{ (B_0 + \chi B_v) + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} (B_\rho + \chi B_{v\rho}) \} \\ & + \Sigma(v) \{ (I_0 + \chi I_v) + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} (I_\rho + \chi I_{v\rho}) \} + 4\pi \sigma_{Th} A \\ & + \frac{8\pi\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} B (I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{v\rho}) - \frac{3}{16} \sigma_{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{h v^3} A_{\mu\xi} \end{aligned} \quad (44)$$

We shall now apply

$$\theta_V = \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int_{\Delta v} \dots \dots dv \text{ on equation (44)}$$

$$\text{First we shall consider } \frac{3}{16} \sigma_{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{h v^3} A_{\mu\xi}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{h v}{m_0 c^2} = 8.1019 \cdot 10^{-21} v = \gamma' v$$

$$\frac{3}{16} \sigma_{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{h v^3} A_{\mu\xi} = \frac{3}{16} \sigma_{Th} A_{\mu\xi}$$

$$= \frac{3}{16} \sigma_{Th} \frac{A_{\mu\xi}}{m_0 v^2} = \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma_{Th}}{m_0} A_{\mu\xi} v^{-2}$$

$$\sigma_{Th} = 6.6524 \times 10^{-25} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$m_0 = \text{mass of electron}$$

$$= 9.1095 \times 10^{-28} \text{ gr.}$$

$$\frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma_{Th}}{m_0} = 136.9257 = k'$$

$$\frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{Th} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{h\nu^3} A_{\mu\xi} = k' A_{\mu\xi} v^{-2}$$

We perform the v -integration.

$$\theta_v [v^{-2}, v^{-2}\chi, v^{-1}, v^{-2}\chi^2, v^{-1}\chi, v^{-2}\chi]$$

$$\theta_v = \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int_{v_k}^{v_{k+1}} \dots dv$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta_v [v^{-2}] &= \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int_{v_k}^{v_{k+1}} \frac{1}{v^2} dv = \frac{1}{\Delta v} \left[-\frac{1}{v} \right]_{v_k}^{v_{k+1}} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\Delta v} \left[\frac{1}{v_{k+1}} - \frac{1}{v_k} \right] = -\frac{1}{\Delta v} \frac{(v_k - v_{k+1})}{v_{k+1} v_k} = \frac{1}{v_k v_{k+1}} \\ \theta_v [v^{-2}] &= \frac{1}{v_k v_{k+1}} \end{aligned} \tag{45}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta_v [v^{-1}] &= \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int_{v_k}^{v_{k+1}} \frac{1}{v} \cdot dv = \frac{1}{\Delta v} [\ln v]_{v_k}^{v_{k+1}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\Delta v} [\ln v_{k+1} - \ln v_k] = \frac{1}{\Delta v} \ln \left[\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right] \\ \theta_v [v^{-1}] &= \frac{1}{\Delta v} \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) \end{aligned} \tag{46}$$

$$v^{-1}\chi = \frac{1}{v} \frac{2(v) - \bar{v}}{\Delta v} = \frac{2}{\Delta v} \left(1 - \frac{\bar{v}}{v} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta_v [v^{-1}\chi] &= \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int_{v_k}^{v_{k+1}} \frac{2}{\Delta v} \left(1 - \frac{\bar{v}}{v} \right) dv \\ &= \frac{2}{(\Delta v)^2} \int_{v_k}^{v_{k+1}} \left(1 - \frac{\bar{v}}{v} \right) dv = \frac{2}{(\Delta v)^2} \{ \Delta v - \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) \} \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta_v [v^{-1}\chi] = \frac{2}{(\Delta v)^2} \{ \Delta v - \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) \} \tag{47}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v^{-2}\chi &= \frac{1}{v^2} \frac{2}{\Delta v} (v - \bar{v}) = \frac{2}{\Delta v} \left(\frac{1}{v} - \frac{\bar{v}}{v^2} \right) \\
 \theta_v [v^{-2}\chi] &= \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int \frac{2}{\Delta v} \left(\frac{1}{v} - \frac{\bar{v}}{v^2} \right) dv = \frac{2}{(\Delta v)^2} \left\{ \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) - \bar{v} \cdot \frac{\Delta v}{v_k v_{k+1}} \right\} \\
 \theta_v [v^{-2}\chi] &= \frac{2}{(\Delta v)^2} \left\{ \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) - \frac{\bar{v} - \Delta v}{v_k v_{k+1}} \right\} \tag{48}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta_v [v^{-3}] &= \frac{1}{\Delta v} \frac{dv}{v^3} = \frac{1}{\Delta v} \left(\frac{v^{-3+1}}{-3+1} \right) v_k^{*-1} \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2\Delta v} \left[\frac{1}{v^2} \right]_{v_k}^{v_{k+1}} = -\frac{1}{2\Delta v} \left[\frac{1}{v_{k+1}^2} - \frac{1}{v_k^2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\Delta v} \left[\frac{v_{k+1}^2 - v_k^2}{v_{k+1}^2 v_k^2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{\bar{v}}{v_k^2 v_{k+1}^2} \\
 \theta_v [v^{-3}] &= \frac{\bar{v}}{v_k^2 v_{k+1}^2} \tag{48a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta_v [v^{-3}\chi] &= \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int v^{-3}\chi dv = \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int v^{-3} \frac{v - \bar{v}}{\Delta v/2} dv \\
 &= \frac{2}{(\Delta v)^2} \int (v^{-2} - \bar{v} v^{-3}) dv \\
 &= \frac{2}{\Delta v} \left[\frac{1}{v_k} - \left(\frac{\bar{v}}{v_k} \right)^2 \right] \tag{48b}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 v^{-2}\chi^2 &= \frac{\Delta 4}{v^2} \left(\frac{v - \bar{v}}{\Delta v} \right)^2 \\
 &= \frac{4}{v^2} \frac{1}{(\Delta v)^2} \{ v^2 - 2v \bar{v} + (\bar{v})^2 \} \\
 &= \frac{4}{(\Delta v)^2} \left\{ 1 - \frac{2\bar{v}}{v} + \left(\frac{\bar{v}}{v} \right)^2 \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta_v [v^{-2}\chi^2] = \frac{4}{(\Delta v)^2} \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int_{v_k}^{v_{k+1}} \left\{ 1 - \frac{2\bar{v}}{v} + \left(\frac{\bar{v}}{v} \right)^2 \right\} dv$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{4}{(\Delta v)^3} \left\{ \Delta v - 2\bar{v} \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) + (\bar{v})^2 \frac{1}{v_k v_{k+1}} \right\} \\
 \theta_v [v^{-2} \chi^2] &= \frac{4}{(\Delta v)^3} \left\{ \Delta v - 2\bar{v} \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) + (\bar{v})^2 \frac{1}{v_k v_{k+1}} \right\} \quad (49)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Let us write, } \theta_v [v \chi] = \frac{2}{\Delta v} \left\{ \frac{1}{3} (v^2)_{k+1} + v_{k+1} v_k + v^2_k \right\} - (\bar{v})^2 = a_9$$

$$\theta_v [v^{-1}] = \frac{1}{\Delta v} \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) = a_1$$

$$\theta_v [v^{-2}] = \frac{1}{v_k v_{k+1}} = a_2$$

$$\theta_v [v^{-1} \chi] = \frac{2}{(\Delta v)^2} \left\{ \Delta v - \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) \right\} = a_3$$

$$\theta_v [v^{-2} \chi] = \frac{2}{(\Delta v)^2} \left\{ \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) - \frac{\bar{v} \Delta v}{v_k v_{k+1}} \right\} = a_4 \quad (50)$$

$$\theta_v [v^{-2} \chi^2] = \frac{4}{(\Delta v)^3} \left\{ \Delta v - 2\bar{v} \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) + \frac{(\bar{v})^2}{v_k v_{k+1}} \right\} = a_5$$

$$\theta_v [v^{-3}] = \frac{\bar{v}}{v_k^2 v_{k+1}^2} = a_6$$

$$\theta_v [v^{-3} \chi] = \frac{2}{\Delta v} \left[\frac{1}{v_k v_{k+1}} - \left(\frac{\bar{v}}{v_k v_{k+1}} \right)^2 \right] = a_7$$

$$\theta_v [v] = \bar{v} = a_8$$

Upon using the operator θ_v on $k^+ A_{\mu\xi} v^{-2}$ term we obtain,

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\left\{ a_2 \left(p_\mu I_\rho \right)_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_\mu I_\rho - q_\mu I_\mu - 2p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu \right. \\
 &- \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} q_\mu I_{\rho\mu} + 2q_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} + p_\mu \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 - \frac{2a_1}{\Delta v} \right) I_{\nu\rho} \\
 &\left. - q_\mu \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 - \frac{2a_1}{\Delta v} \right) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \right\} I_0 \\
 &+ \left[a_4 p_\mu I_\rho \right]_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_\mu I_\rho - q_\mu I_\mu - 2p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} q_\mu I_{\rho\mu}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$+ 2q_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} \} + p_\mu \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_5 - \frac{2}{\Delta v} a_3 \right) I_{\nu\rho}$$

$$- q_\mu \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_5 - \frac{2}{\Delta v} a_3 \right) I_{\rho\mu\nu}] I_\nu +$$

$$\text{Therefore } K' \theta_v [v^{-2} A_{\mu\xi}] = K' A_{\mu\xi v} \quad (51)$$

The quantity $A_{\mu\xi v}$ in (51) can be written as,

$$a_2 p_\mu I_0^2 + \frac{1}{6} a_2 \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_\mu I_\rho I_0 - q_\mu a_2 I_\mu I_0 - 2p_\mu a_2 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu I_0 - \frac{a_2^2}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} q_\mu I_\rho I_0$$

$$+ 2a_2 q_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} I_0$$

$$+ p_\mu \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 - \frac{2a_1}{\Delta v} \right) I_{\nu\rho} I_0 - q_\mu \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 - \frac{2a_1}{\Delta v} \right) I_{\rho\mu\nu} I_0$$

$$+ a_4 p_\mu I_0 I_\nu + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 p_\mu I_\rho I_\nu - a_4 q_\mu I_\mu I_\nu - 2a_4 p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu^2$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 q_\mu I_\rho I_\nu + 2a_4 q_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} I_\nu + p_\mu \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_5 - \frac{2a_3}{\Delta v} \right) I_{\nu\rho} I_\nu$$

$$- q_\mu \left(\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_5 - \frac{2a_3}{\Delta v} \right) I_{\rho\mu\nu} I_\nu + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_2 p_\mu I_0 I_\rho + a_2 \bar{R} p_\mu I_\rho^2$$

$$- \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_2 q_\mu I_\mu I_\rho - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_2 p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu I_\rho - \bar{R} a_2 q_\mu I_\rho I_\rho$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_2 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} I_\rho + p_\mu (\bar{R} a_4 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} I_\rho$$

$$- q_\mu (\bar{R} a_4 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} I_\rho + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 p_\mu I_0 I_{\nu\rho}$$

$$+ a_4 \bar{R} p_\mu I_\rho I_{\nu\rho} - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 q_\mu I_\mu I_{\nu\rho}$$

$$- \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu I_{\nu\rho} - a_4 \bar{R} q_\mu I_\rho I_{\nu\rho}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 \frac{v}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} I_{\nu\rho} + p_\mu (\bar{R} a_5 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho}^2$$

$$- q_\mu (\bar{R} a_5 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} I_{\nu\rho} + a_2 p_{\eta\mu} I_0 I_\mu$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_2 p_{\eta\mu} I_\rho I_\mu - a_2 q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu^2 - 2a_2 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu I_\mu$$

$$- \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_2 q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu} I_\mu + 2a_2 q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} I_\mu$$

$$+ p_{\eta\mu} (\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 - \frac{2a_1}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} I_\mu$$

$$\{a_2 [\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_\mu I_0 + R p_\mu I_\rho - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} q_\mu I_\mu - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu$$

$$- R q_\mu I_{\rho\mu} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu}] + p_\mu (R a_4 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho}$$

$$- q_\mu (R a_4 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} I_\rho +$$

$$\{a [\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_\mu I_0 + R p_\mu I_\rho - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} q_\mu I_\mu - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu$$

$$- R q_\mu I_{\rho\mu} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu}] + p_\mu (R a_5 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho}$$

$$- q_\mu (R a_5 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} I_\nu +$$

$$\{a_2 [p_{\eta\mu} I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_{\eta\mu} I_\rho - q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu - 2p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu$$

$$- \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu} + 2q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu}] + p_{\eta\mu} (\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 - \frac{2}{\Delta v} a_1) I_{\nu\rho}$$

$$- q_{\eta\mu} (\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 - \frac{2}{\Delta v} a_1) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} I_\mu +$$

$$\{a_4 [p_{\eta\mu} I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_{\eta\mu} I_\rho - q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu - 2p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu$$

$$- \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu} + 2q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu}] + p_{\eta\mu} (\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_5 - \frac{2}{\Delta v} a_3) I_{\nu\rho}$$

$$- q_{\eta\mu} (\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_5 - \frac{2}{\Delta v} a_3) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} I_{\mu\nu} +$$

$$\{a_2 [\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_{\eta\mu} I_0 + R p_{\eta\mu} I_\rho - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu$$

$$- R q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu} + \frac{1}{3} q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{\mu\nu}] + p_{\eta\mu} (R a_4 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho}$$

$$- q_{\eta\mu} (R a_4 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} I_{\rho\mu} +$$

$$\{a_4 [\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_{\eta\mu} I_0 + R p_{\eta\mu} I_\rho - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \bar{R}q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\tilde{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu}] + p_{\eta\mu} (\bar{R}a_5 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} \\
& - q_{\eta\mu} (\bar{R}a_5 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} \} I_{\rho\mu\nu} = \theta_v [v^{-2} A_{\mu\xi\nu}] \\
& = A_{\mu\xi\nu} \\
& - q_{\eta\mu} (\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 - \frac{2a_1}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} I_\mu + a_4 p_{\eta\mu} I_0 I_{\mu\nu} \\
& + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 p_{\eta\mu} I_\rho I_{\mu\nu} - a_4 q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu I_{\mu\nu} - 2a_4 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\tilde{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu I_{\mu\nu} \\
& - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu} I_{\mu\nu} + 2a_4 q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\tilde{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu}^2 \\
& + p_{\eta\mu} (\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_5 - \frac{2a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} I_{\mu\nu} - q_{\eta\mu} (\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_5 - \frac{2a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} I_{\mu\nu} \\
& + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_2 p_{\eta\mu} I_0 I_{\rho\mu} + a_2 \bar{R}p_{\eta\mu} I_\rho I_{\rho\mu} - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_2 q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu I_{\rho\mu} \\
& - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_2 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\tilde{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu I_{\rho\mu} - a_2 \bar{R}q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu}^2 + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\tilde{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} I_{\rho\mu} \\
& + p_{\eta\mu} (\bar{R}a_4 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} I_{\rho\mu} - q_{\eta\mu} (\bar{R}a_4 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu} I_{\rho\mu} \\
& + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 p_{\eta\mu} I_0 I_{\rho\mu\nu} + a_4 \bar{R}p_{\eta\mu} I_\rho I_{\rho\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu I_{\rho\mu\nu} \\
& - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\tilde{v}}{\Delta v} I_\nu I_{\rho\mu\nu} - a_4 \bar{R}q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu} I_{\rho\mu\nu} \\
& + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\tilde{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu} I_{\rho\mu\nu} + p_{\eta\mu} (\bar{R}a_5 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\nu\rho} I_{\rho\mu\nu} \\
& - q_{\eta\mu} (\bar{R}a_5 - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu\nu}^2 = A_{\mu\xi\nu} \tag{52}
\end{aligned}$$

We shall collect the coefficients of the like terms.

Equation (52) is rewritten as

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{\mu\xi\nu} &= a_2 p_\mu I_0^2 + \frac{1}{3} a_2 \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} p_\mu I_0 I_\rho + a_2 (p_{\eta\mu} - q_\mu) I_0 I_\mu \\
&+ p_\mu (a_4 - 2a_2 \frac{\tilde{v}}{\Delta v}) I_0 I_\nu + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_2 (p_{\eta\mu} - q_\mu) I_0 I_{\rho\mu} \\
&+ (a_4 p_{\eta\mu} + 2a_2 q_\mu \frac{\tilde{v}}{\Delta v}) I_0 I_{\mu\nu} + 2p_\mu (\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} a_4 - \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}) I_0 I_{\nu\rho}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \left[\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 (p_{\eta\mu} - q_\mu) + 2q_\mu \frac{a}{\Delta v} \right] I_0 I_{\rho\mu\nu} + a_2 R p_\mu I_\rho^2 \\
& + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_2 (p_{\eta\mu} - q_\mu) I_\rho I_\mu + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_\mu (a_4 - 2a_2 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) I_\rho I_v \\
& + a_2 R (p_{\eta\mu} - q_\mu) I_\rho I_{\rho\mu} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} (a_4 p_{\eta\mu} + 2a_2 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) I_\rho I_{\mu\nu} \\
& + 2p_\mu (a_4 R - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{a}{\Delta v}) I_\rho I_{v\rho} + \\
& + \{ a_4 R (p_{\eta\mu} - q_\mu) + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} q_\mu \frac{a}{\Delta v} \} I_\rho I_{\rho\mu\nu} \\
& - a_2 q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu^2 - (a_4 q_\mu + 2a_2 q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) I_\mu I_v - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_2 q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu I_{\rho\mu} \\
& + q_{\eta\mu} (2a_2 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} - a_4) I_\mu I_{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 (p_{\eta\mu} - q_\mu) - 2p_{\eta\mu} \frac{a}{\Delta v} I_\mu I_{v\rho} \\
& - 2q_{\eta\mu} (\frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} a_4 - \frac{a}{\Delta v}) I_\mu I_{\rho\mu\nu} \\
& - 2a_4 p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_v^2 - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} (a_4 q_\mu + 2a_2 p_{\eta\mu}) I_v I_{\rho\mu} \\
& + 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} (q_\mu - p_{\eta\mu}) I_v I_{\mu\nu} + \\
& + p_\mu \{ \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} (a_5 - 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) - \frac{2a}{\Delta v} \} I_v I_{v\rho} \\
& - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} (a_5 q_\mu + 2a_4 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) - 2q_\mu \frac{a}{\Delta v} \} I_v I_{\rho\mu\nu} \\
& - a_2 R q_{\eta\mu} I_{\rho\mu}^2 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} q_{\eta\mu} (2 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} - a_4) I_{\rho\mu} I_{\mu\nu} \\
& + \{ a_4 R (p_{\eta\mu} - a_4) - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} p_{\eta\mu} \frac{a}{\Delta v} \} I_{\rho\mu} I_{v\rho} \\
& - 2q_{\eta\mu} (a_4 R - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{a}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu} I_{\rho\mu\nu} \\
& + 2a_5 q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} I_{\mu\nu}^2 + \{ \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} (a_5 p_{\eta\mu} + 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) - \frac{2a}{\Delta v} \} p_{\eta\mu} I_{\mu\nu} I_{v\rho} \\
& + q_{\eta\mu} \{ \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} (a_5 + 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) + 2 \frac{a}{\Delta v} \} I_{\mu\nu} I_{\rho\mu\nu}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + p_\mu (a_s R - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{v\rho}^2 \\
& + ((p_{\eta\mu} - q_\mu) (a_s R - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) - I_{v\rho} I_{\rho\mu v}) \\
& - q_{\eta\mu} (R a_s - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta A}{A} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) I_{\rho\mu v}^2 = A_{\mu\xi v}
\end{aligned} \tag{53}$$

Let us introduce the following,

$$\begin{aligned}
f_1 &= a_2 p_\mu, \quad f_2 = \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A}, \quad f_3 = p_{\eta\mu} - q_\mu, \quad f_4 = a_4 - 2a_2 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} \\
f_5 &= a_4 R - \frac{a}{\Delta v} f_2, \quad f_6 = a_4 f_2 - \frac{a}{\Delta v} \\
f_7 &= a_4 p_{\eta\mu} + 2a_2 q_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}, \quad f_8 = a_4 f_2 f_3 + 2q_\mu \frac{a_1}{\Delta v} \\
f_9 &= a_4 R - \frac{a}{\Delta v} f_2, \quad f_{10} = a_4 R f_3 + 2f_2 q_\mu \frac{a}{\Delta v} \\
f_{11} &= a_2 q_{\eta\mu}, \quad f_{12} = a_4 q_\mu + 2a_2 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} \\
f_{13} &= 2q_{\eta\mu} (f_2 a_4 - \frac{a}{\Delta v}), \quad f_{14} = 2a_4 p_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} \\
f_{15} &= f_2 (a_4 q_\mu + 2a_2 p_{\eta\mu}), \quad f_{16} = 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} f_3 \\
f_{17} &= p_\mu \{f_2 (a_5 - 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) - \frac{2a_3}{\Delta v}\} \\
f_{18} &= f_2 (a_5 q_\mu + 2a_4 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) - 2q_\mu \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}, \quad f_{19} = a_2 R q_{\eta\mu} \\
f_{20} &= f_2 q_{\eta\mu} (2 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} - a_4), \\
f_{21} &= a_4 R f_3 - 2f_2 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{a}{\Delta v}, \quad f_{22} = 2q_{\eta\mu} f_9 \\
f_{23} &= 2a_4 q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}, \quad f_{24} = f_2 (a_5 p_{\eta\mu} + 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) - 2p_{\eta\mu} \frac{a_3}{\Delta v} \\
f_{25} &= q_{\eta\mu} \{f_2 (a_5 + 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) + 2 \frac{a_1}{\Delta v}\}, \quad f_{26} = (a_5 R - 2f_2 \frac{a_3}{\Delta v}) \\
f_{27} &= p_\mu f_{26}, \quad f_{28} = f_3 f_{24}, \quad f_{29} = q_{\eta\mu} f_{26}
\end{aligned}$$

With the coefficients defined above, we rewrite equation (53) as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{\mu\xi\nu} = & f_1 I_0^2 + 2f_1 f_2 I_0 I_\rho + a_2 f_3 I_0 I_\mu + p_\mu f_4 I_0 I_\nu \\
& + f_2 f_3 a_2 I_0 I_{\rho\mu} + f_7 I_0 I_{\mu\nu} + 2p_\mu f_6 I_0 I_{\nu\rho} + f_8 I_0 I_{\rho\mu\nu} \\
& + \bar{R} f_1 I_\rho^2 + a_2 f_2 f_3 I_\rho I_\mu + p_\mu f_2 f_4 I_\rho I_\nu + Ra_2 f_3 I_\rho I_{\mu\nu} \\
& + f_2 f_7 I_\rho I_{\mu\nu} + 2p_\mu f_9 I_\rho I_{\nu\rho} + f_{10} I_\rho I_{\rho\mu\nu} - f_{11} I_\mu^2 - f_{12} I_\mu I_\nu \\
& + 2f_2 a_2 q_{\eta\mu} I_\mu I_{\rho\mu} - q_{\eta\mu} f_4 I_\mu I_{\mu\nu} - (a_4 f_2 f_3 - 2p_{\eta\mu} \frac{a}{\Delta\nu}) I_\mu I_{\nu\rho} \\
& - f_{13} I_\mu I_{\rho\mu\nu} - f_{14} I_\nu^2 - f_{15} I_\nu I_{\rho\mu} + f_{16} I_\nu I_{\mu\nu} + f_{17} I_\nu I_{\nu\rho} \\
& - f_{18} I_\nu I_{\rho\mu\nu} - f_{19} I_\rho^2 + f_{20} I_\rho I_{\mu\nu} + f_{21} I_\rho I_{\nu\rho} - f_{22} I_\rho I_{\rho\mu\nu} \\
& + f_{23} I_\mu^2 + f_{24} I_\mu I_{\nu\rho} + f_{25} I_\mu I_{\rho\mu\nu} + f_{27} I_\nu^2 \\
& + f_{28} I_\nu I_{\rho\mu\nu} + f_{29} I_\rho^2 = A_{\mu\xi\nu} \tag{54}
\end{aligned}$$

$$g_1 = 2f_1 f_2, \quad g_2 = a_2 f_3, \quad g_3 = p_\mu f_4, \quad g_4 = f_2 f_3 a_2$$

$$g_5 = 2p_\mu f_6, \quad g_6 = \bar{R} f_1, \quad g_7 = a_2 f_2 f_3, \quad g_8 = p_\mu f_2 f_4$$

$$g_9 = Ra_2 f_3, \quad g_{10} = f_2 f_7, \quad g_{11} = 2p_\mu f_9$$

$$g_{12} = 2f_2 a_2 q_{\eta\mu}, \quad g_{13} = q_{\eta\mu} f_4, \quad g_{14} = a_4 f_2 f_3 - 2p_{\eta\mu} \frac{a}{\Delta\nu} \tag{55}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
A_{\mu\xi\nu} = & f_1 I_0^2 + g_1 I_0 I_\rho + g_2 I_0 I_\mu + g_3 I_0 I_\nu + g_4 I_0 I_{\rho\mu} + f_7 I_0 I_{\mu\nu} \\
& + g_5 I_0 I_{\nu\rho} + f_8 I_0 I_{\rho\mu\nu} + g_6 I_\rho^2 + g_7 I_\rho I_\mu + g_8 I_\rho I_\nu + g_9 I_\rho I_{\rho\mu} \\
& + g_{10} I_\rho I_{\mu\nu} + g_{11} I_\rho I_{\nu\rho} + f_{10} I_\rho I_{\rho\mu\nu} - f_{11} I_\mu^2 - f_{12} I_\mu I_\nu \\
& - g_{12} I_\mu I_{\rho\mu} - g_{13} I_\mu I_{\mu\nu} - g_{14} I_\mu I_{\nu\rho} - f_{13} I_\mu I_{\rho\mu\nu} - f_{14} I_\nu^2 \\
& - f_{15} I_\nu I_{\rho\mu} + f_{16} I_\nu I_{\mu\nu} + f_{17} I_\nu I_{\nu\rho} - f_{18} I_\nu I_{\rho\mu\nu} - f_{19} I_\rho^2 \\
& + f_{20} I_\rho I_{\mu\nu} + f_{21} I_\rho I_{\nu\rho} - f_{22} I_\rho I_{\rho\mu\nu} + f_{23} I_\mu^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$+ f_{24} I_{\mu\nu} I_{\nu\rho} + f_{25} I_{\mu\nu} I_{\rho\mu\nu} + f_{27} I_{\nu\rho}^2 + f_{28} I_{\nu\rho} I_{\rho\mu\nu} + f_{29} I_{\rho\mu\nu}^2 \quad (56)$$

Equation (56) can be rewritten as

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\mu\xi\nu} = & f_1 I_0^2 + g_6 I_\rho^2 - f_{11} I_\mu^2 - f_{14} I_\nu^2 - f_{19} I_{\rho\mu}^2 + f_{23} I_{\mu\nu}^2 \\ & + f_{27} I_{\nu\rho}^2 + f_{29} I_{\rho\mu\nu}^2 + (g_1 I_\rho + g_2 I_\mu + g_3 I_\nu + g_4 I_{\rho\mu} + f_7 I_{\mu\nu} \\ & + g_5 I_{\nu\rho} + f_8 I_{\rho\mu\nu}) I_0 + (g_7 I_\mu + g_8 I_\nu + g_9 I_{\rho\mu} + g_{10} I_{\mu\nu} + g_{11} I_{\nu\rho} \\ & + f_{10} I_{\rho\mu\nu}) I_\rho - (+f_{12} I_\nu + g_{12} I_{\rho\mu} + g_{13} I_{\mu\nu} + g_{14} I_{\nu\rho} + f_{13} I_{\rho\mu\nu}) I_\mu \\ & + (-f_{15} I_{\rho\mu} + f_{16} I_{\mu\nu} + f_{17} I_{\nu\rho} - f_{18} I_{\rho\mu\nu}) I_\nu \\ & + (f_{20} I_{\mu\nu} + f_{21} I_{\nu\rho} - f_{22} I_{\rho\mu\nu}) I_{\rho\mu} \\ & + (f_{24} I_{\nu\rho} + f_{25} I_{\rho\mu\nu}) I_{\mu\nu} + f_{28} I_{\nu\rho} I_{\rho\mu\nu} \end{aligned} \quad (57)$$

$$\theta_\nu [K' A_{\mu\xi\nu}^{-2}] = K' A_{\mu\xi\nu} \quad (58)$$

= last term in equation (44).

Now apply $\theta_\nu \left[\frac{8\pi\sigma_{Th}B}{\Delta\nu} (I_\nu + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_{\nu\rho}) \right]$ in (44)

$$\text{where } B = \frac{\nu(\gamma-2\alpha)}{4\pi} \left\{ 1 - \frac{6}{5} p_1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 - \frac{3}{10} p_3 \right\}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{hv}{m_0 c^2} = 8.1019 \times 10^{-21} \nu = \gamma' \nu$$

$$\begin{aligned} B &= \{\gamma' \nu^2 - 2\alpha \nu\} \left\{ 1 - \frac{6}{5} p_1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 - \frac{3}{10} p_3 \right\} \\ &= B_1 \{\gamma' \nu^2 - 2\alpha \nu\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta_\nu [B_1 \{\gamma' \nu^2 - 2\alpha \nu\}] = B_1 \frac{1}{\Delta\nu} \int (\gamma' \nu^2 - 2\alpha \nu) d\nu$$

$$= \frac{B}{\Delta\nu} \left\{ \gamma' - \frac{\nu^3}{3} - \frac{2\alpha}{2} \nu^2 \right\}_{\nu_k}^{\nu_{k+1}}$$

$$= \frac{B}{\Delta\nu} \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \gamma' (\nu_{k+1}^3 - \nu_k^3) - \alpha (\nu_{k+1}^2 - \nu_k^2) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{B}{\Delta\nu} \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \gamma' \Delta\nu (\nu_{k+1}^2 + \nu_{k+1} \nu_k + \nu_k^2) - \alpha (\nu_{k+1} - \nu_k) (\nu_{k+1} + \nu_k) \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{B}{\Delta v} \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \gamma' \Delta v (v_{k+1}^2 + v_{k+1} v_k + v_k^2) - \alpha \Delta v (v_{k+1} + v_k) \right\} \\
 &= B_1 \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \gamma' (v_{k+1}^2 + v_{k+1} v_k + v_k^2) - 2\alpha \bar{v} \right\} \\
 &= B_2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\theta_v \left[\frac{8\pi\sigma_{Th} B}{\Delta v} \left(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{vp} \right) \right] \\
 &= \frac{8\pi\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} \left(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{vp} \right) \theta_v [B] \\
 &= \frac{8\pi\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} \left(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{vp} \right) B_1 \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \gamma' (v_{k+1}^2 + v_{k+1} v_k + v_k^2) - 2\alpha \bar{v} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Let } \frac{1}{3} \gamma' (v_{k+1}^2 + v_{k+1} v_k + v_k^2) - 2\alpha \bar{v} = B$$

$$B_1 = \frac{1}{4\pi} \left\{ 1 - \frac{6}{5} p_1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 - \frac{3}{10} p_3 \right\}$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{2\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} \left(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{vp} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{4\pi} \left(1 - \frac{6}{5} p_1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 - \frac{3}{10} p_3 \right) \{B'\} \\
 &= \frac{2\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} \left(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{vp} \right) \left(1 - \frac{6}{5} p_1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 - \frac{3}{10} p_3 \right) \\
 &\quad \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \gamma' (v_{k+1}^2 + v_{k+1} v_k + v_k^2) - 2\alpha \bar{v} \right\} \\
 &\quad \theta_v \left[\frac{8\pi\sigma_{Th} B}{\Delta v} \left(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{vp} \right) \right] \\
 &= \frac{2\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} \left(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{vp} \right) \left(1 - \frac{6}{5} p_1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 - \frac{3}{10} p_3 \right) \\
 &\quad \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \gamma' (v_{k+1}^2 + v_{k+1} v_k + v_k^2) - 2\alpha \bar{v} \right\} \\
 &\quad = B_p \left(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{vp} \right)
 \end{aligned} \tag{59}$$

Where

$$B_p = \frac{2\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} \left(1 - \frac{6}{5} p_1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 - \frac{3}{10} p_3 \right) \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \gamma' (v_{k+1}^2 + v_{k+1} v_k + v_k^2) - 2\gamma \bar{v} \right\} \tag{60}$$

$$\gamma' = \frac{h}{m_0 c^2} \approx 8.1019 \times 10^{-21} \text{ sec.} \quad (61)$$

Now let us consider the term

$$4\pi\sigma_{Th} A$$

Where

$$A = \frac{1}{4\pi} \left\{ \left(1 - \gamma \right) + \frac{6}{5} p_1 (\gamma - \alpha) + \frac{1}{2} p_2 (1 - \gamma - 6\alpha) + \frac{3}{10} p_3 (\gamma + 4\alpha) \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{1}{4\pi} \left\{ \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 \right) + \gamma \left(\frac{6}{5} p_1 - \frac{1}{2} p_2 + \frac{3}{10} p_3 - 1 \right) + \alpha \left(- \frac{6}{5} p_1 - 3p_2 + \frac{6}{5} p_3 \right) \right\} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\pi} \{ p'_1 + \gamma p'_1 + \alpha p'_3 \}$$

$$4\pi\sigma_{Th} A = \sigma_{Th} \{ p'_1 + \gamma p'_1 + \alpha p'_3 \}$$

$$= \sigma_{Th} \{ p'_1 + \gamma p'_1 + \alpha p'_3 \}$$

$$\theta_V [4\pi\sigma_{Th} A] \approx \theta_V [\sigma_{Th} \{ p'_1 + \gamma p'_1 + \alpha p'_3 \}] \quad (62)$$

$$p'_1 = \frac{6}{5} p_1 - \frac{1}{2} p_2 + \frac{3}{10} p_3 - 1$$

$$p'_2 = 1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2$$

$$p'_3 = -\frac{6}{5} p_1 - 3p_2 + \frac{6}{5} p_3 \quad (63)$$

$$\theta_V [\gamma] = \gamma' \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int_{\Delta v}^V dv = \frac{\gamma'}{\Delta v} \left[\frac{1}{2} v^2 \right]_{v_k}^{v_{k+1}} = \frac{\gamma'}{\Delta v} \bar{v} \cdot \Delta v$$

$$\gamma' \bar{v} = \gamma' \bar{v} = \gamma' a_s$$

$$\theta_V [4\pi\sigma_{Th} A] = \sigma_{Th} (p'_1 + \gamma' p'_1 a_s + \alpha p'_3) \quad (64)$$

Now we shall consider the term

$$\Sigma(v) \left\{ \left(I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_p \right) + \chi \left(I_V + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{vp} \right) \right\}$$

$$\Sigma(v) = \sigma_a'(v) + \sigma_{Th} (1-2\gamma)$$

$$\sigma_a'(v) = \sigma_a(v)(1-e^{-hv/kT})$$

$$\sigma_a'(v) = \alpha_R^{ff} = 1.7 \times 10^{-25} T^{-7/2} Z^2 n_e n_i \bar{g}_R = \alpha_R^{ff} \quad (65)$$

Where α_R^{ff} is the Rosseland mean of the free-free absorption coefficient in CGS units (see page 163 of 'Radiative Processes in Astrophysics' by Rybicki and Lightman). We can choose equation (5.19b) or (5.18b) on page 162. But these are frequency dependent absorption coefficients depending on the criterion $hv \gg kT$ or $hv \ll kT$. We should consider the three types of absorption coefficients.

$$\alpha_v^{ff} = 3.7 \times 10^8 T^{-\frac{1}{2}} Z^2 n_e n_i v^{-3} (1-e^{-hv/kT}) \bar{g}_{ff} \quad (\text{Eq.5.18b})$$

If $hv \gg kT$, then, $e^{-hv/kT} \ll 1$ therefore, we have

$$\alpha_v^{ff} = 3.7 \times 10^8 T^{-\frac{1}{2}} Z^2 n_e n_i v^{-3} \bar{g}_{ff}$$

or

$$\alpha_{v>}^{ff} = \alpha_1 v^{-3}, \quad \alpha_1 = 3.7 \times 10^8 T^{-\frac{1}{2}} Z^2 n_e n_i \bar{g}_{ff}$$

$$\alpha_{v>}^{ff} = \alpha_1 v^{-3} \quad (hv \gg kT) \quad (66)$$

If $hv \ll kT$, then we have

$$\alpha_{v<}^{ff} = \alpha_2 v^{-2} \quad (hv \ll kT) \quad (67)$$

$$\alpha_2 = 1.810^{-2} T^{-3/2} Z^2 n_e n_i \bar{g}_{ff}$$

$$\alpha_1 = 3.7 \times 10^8 T^{-\frac{1}{2}} Z^2 n_e n_i \bar{g}_{ff} \quad (68)$$

Now let us consider the terms

$$\Sigma(v) \{ (I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_\rho) + \chi (I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_{v\rho}) \} \quad (69)$$

$$\Sigma(v) = \sigma_a'(v) + \sigma_{Th} (1-2\gamma)$$

$$\sigma_a'(v) = \alpha_{v>}^{ff} \text{ or } \alpha_{v<}^{ff} \text{ (see equation 66 and 67)}$$

$$\gamma = \gamma' v$$

$$\Sigma(v) = (\alpha_{v>}^{ff} \text{ or } \alpha_{v<}^{ff} \text{ or } \alpha_R^{ff}) + \sigma_{Th}(1-2\gamma'v)$$

$$= (\alpha_1 v^{-3} \text{ or } \alpha_2 v^{-2} \text{ or } \alpha_R^{ff}) + \sigma_{Th}(1-2\gamma'v)$$

using the operator θ_v

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \theta_v \left[[(\alpha_1 v^{-3} \text{ or } \alpha_2 v^{-2} \text{ or } \alpha_R^{ff}) + \sigma_{Th}(1-2\gamma'v)] \right. \\
 & \quad \left. [(I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_\rho) + \chi(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_{v\rho})] \right\} \\
 = & (I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_\rho) \left[(\alpha_1 a_6 \text{ or } \alpha_2 a_2 \text{ or } \alpha_R^{ff}) + \sigma_{Th}(1-2\gamma'a_6) \right] \\
 & + (I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_{v\rho}) \left[(\alpha_1 a_7 \text{ or } \alpha_2 a_4 \text{ or } 0) - 2\gamma' \sigma_{Th} a_9 \right] \\
 & \theta_v [\Sigma(v) \left\{ (I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_\rho) + \chi(I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_{v\rho}) \right\}] \\
 = & [(\alpha_1 a_6 \text{ or } \alpha_2 a_2 \text{ or } \alpha_R^{ff}) + \sigma_{Th}(1-2\gamma'a_6)] [I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_\rho] \\
 & + [(\alpha_1 a_7 \text{ or } \alpha_2 a_4 \text{ or } 0) - 2\gamma' \sigma_{Th} a_9] [I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_{v\rho}] \quad (70)
 \end{aligned}$$

We shall now consider the term

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma'_a(v) [B_0(v) + \chi B_v(v)] + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} [B_\rho(v) + \chi B_{v\rho}(v)] \\
 = \sigma'_a(v) \left\{ [B_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} B_\rho(v)] + \chi [B_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} B_{v\rho}(v)] \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

in the equation (44)

Let us assume that

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma'_a(v) &= [\alpha_1 v^{-3} \text{ or } \alpha_2 v^{-2} \text{ or } \alpha_R^{ff}] \\
 \theta_v [\sigma'_a(v) \left\{ (B_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} B_\rho) + \chi (B_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} B_{v\rho}) \right\}] \\
 = \theta_v &[(\alpha_1 v^{-3} \text{ or } \alpha_2 v^{-2} \text{ or } \alpha_R^{ff}) \left\{ (B_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} B_\rho) + \chi (B_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} B_{v\rho}) \right\}] \\
 = & (B_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} B_\rho)(\alpha_1 a_6, \alpha_2 a_2, \alpha_R^{ff}) + (B_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} B_{v\rho})(\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0) \quad (71)
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore Equation (44) on page 26 is rewritten upon using the operator

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta_v &= \frac{1}{\Delta v} \int \dots dv \\
 &\frac{2}{\Delta r} (\bar{\mu} I_p + \frac{1}{6} \Delta \mu I_{\rho \mu}) + \frac{2}{\Delta \mu} (1 - \bar{\mu}^2) [\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} I_\mu \\
 &+ \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r} \Delta A}{V}) I_{\rho \mu}] - 2\bar{\mu} [\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} I_0 + \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r} \Delta A}{V}) I_\rho] \\
 &- \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu [\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} I_\mu + \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r} \Delta A}{V}) I_{\rho \mu}] \\
 &= (\alpha_1 a_6, \alpha_2 a_2, \alpha_R^{ff}) (B_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} B_\rho) + (\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0) \\
 &\quad (B_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} B_{v\rho}) \\
 &+ \{(\alpha_1 a_6, \alpha_2 a_2, \alpha_R^{ff}) + \sigma_{Th} (1 - 2\gamma' a_8)\} (I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_\rho) \\
 &+ \{(\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0) - 2\sigma_{Th} \gamma' a_9\} (I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{v\rho}) \\
 &+ \sigma_{Th} (p'_2 + \gamma' p'_1 a_8 + \alpha p'_3) + B_p (I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{v\rho}) \\
 &+ K' A_{\mu \xi v} \tag{72}
 \end{aligned}$$

Equation (72) is rewritten as,

$$\begin{aligned}
 &2(\bar{\mu} I_p + \frac{1}{6} \Delta \mu I_{\rho \mu}) + \frac{2}{\Delta \mu} (1 - \bar{\mu}^2) [\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_\mu + (2 - \frac{\bar{r} \Delta A}{\Delta r}) I_{\rho \mu}] \\
 &- 2\bar{\mu} [\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_0 + (2 - \frac{\bar{r} \Delta A}{\Delta r}) I_\rho] - \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu [\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_\mu + (2 - \frac{\bar{r} \Delta A}{\Delta r}) I_{\rho \mu}] \\
 &= \Delta r (\alpha_1 a_6, \alpha_2 a_2, \alpha_R^{ff}) (B_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} B_\rho) + \Delta r (\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0) \\
 &\quad (B_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} B_{v\rho}) \\
 &+ \Delta r \{(\alpha_1 a_6, \alpha_2 a_2, \alpha_R^{ff}) + \sigma_{Th} (1 - 2\gamma' a_8)\} (I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_\rho) \\
 &+ \Delta r \{(\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0) - 2\sigma_{Th} \gamma' a_9 + B_\rho\} (I_v + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{v\rho}) \\
 &+ \Delta r \sigma_{Th} (p'_2 + \gamma' p'_1 a_8 + \alpha p'_3) + \Delta r k' A_{\mu \xi v} \tag{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

Let $\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{A} = 3f_2$, $f_{30} = 2 - \frac{\bar{r}}{\Delta r} \frac{\Delta A}{A}$

$$f_{31} = \frac{2}{\Delta \mu} (1 - \bar{\mu}^2)$$

$$\tau_1 = \Delta r (\alpha_1 a_6, \alpha_2 a_2, \alpha_R^{ff})$$

$$\tau_2 = \Delta r (\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0)$$

$$\tau_3 = \Delta r \sigma_{Th} (1 - 2\gamma' a_8)$$

$$\tau_4 = \Delta r \cdot \{(\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0) - 2\sigma_{Th} \gamma' a_9 + B_p\}$$

$$\tau_5 = \Delta r \cdot \sigma_{Th} (p'_2 + \gamma' p'_1 a_8 + \alpha p'_3)$$

$$\tau_6 = \Delta r \cdot k'$$

$$\tau_7 = \tau_2 + \tau_3 \quad (74)$$

With the help of (74), (73) can be rewritten as,

$$2(\bar{\mu} I_\rho + \frac{1}{6} \Delta \mu I_{\rho \mu}) + f_{31} (3f_2 I_\mu + f_{30} I_{\rho \mu}) \\ - 2\bar{\mu}(3f_2 I_0 + f_{30} I_\rho) - \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu (3f_2 I_\mu + f_{30} I_{\rho \mu}) \\ = \tau_1 (B_0 + f_2 B_\rho) + \tau_2 (B_V + f_2 B_{V\rho}) + \tau_7 (I_V + f_2 I_{V\rho}) + \tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu \xi V} \quad (75)$$

Equation (75) is rewritten as,

$$- 6\bar{\mu} f_2 I_0 + 2\bar{\mu} (1 - f_{30}) I_\rho + 3f_2 (f_{31} - \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu) I_\mu \\ - \tau_7 I_V + (\frac{1}{6} \Delta \mu \cdot \bar{\mu} + f_{30} f_{31} - \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu \cdot f_{30}) I_{\rho \mu} - \tau_7 f_2 I_{V\rho} \\ = \tau_1 (B_0 + f_2 B_\rho) + \tau_2 (B_V + f_2 B_{V\rho}) + \tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu \xi V} \quad (76)$$

Let $-6\bar{\mu} f_2 = f_{32}$

$$2\bar{\mu} (1 - f_{30}) = f_{33}$$

$$3f_2 (f_{31} - \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu) = f_{34} \quad (77)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_{30} f_{31} + \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu (\bar{\mu} - f_{30}) &= f_{35} \\
 f_{32} I_0 + f_{33} I_\rho + f_{34} I_\mu - \tau_7 I_v + f_{35} I_{\rho\mu} - f_{36} I_{v\rho} \\
 \gamma = \tau_1 B_0 + \tau_1 f_2 B_\rho + \tau_2 B_v + \tau_2 f_2 B_{v\rho} + \tau_5 + \tau_6 \Lambda_{\mu\xi v} \quad (78)
 \end{aligned}$$

The interpolation coefficients be expressed in terms of the nodal values: (See Fig. 1).

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_0 \\ I_\rho \\ I_\mu \\ I_v \\ I_{\rho\mu} \\ I_{\mu v} \\ I_{v\rho} \\ I_{\rho\mu v} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{8X} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_a \\ I_b \\ I_c \\ I_d \\ I_e \\ I_f \\ I_g \\ I_h \end{bmatrix} \quad (79)$$

or introducing (79) into (78) we obtain,

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{8} f_{32} (I_a + I_b + I_c + I_d + I_e + I_f + I_g + I_h) + \\
 & + \frac{1}{8} f_{33} (-I_a - I_b - I_c - I_d + I_e + I_f + I_g + I_h) + \\
 & + \frac{1}{8} f_{34} (-I_a + I_b + I_c - I_d - I_e - I_f + I_g + I_h) - \\
 & - \frac{1}{8} \tau_7 (I_a + I_b - I_c - I_d - I_e + I_f + I_g - I_h) + \\
 & + \frac{1}{8} f_{35} (I_a - I_b - I_c + I_d - I_e - I_f + I_g + I_h) - \\
 & - \frac{1}{8} f_{36} (-I_a - I_b + I_c + I_d - I_e + I_f + I_g - I_h) \\
 & \mp \frac{1}{8} \tau_1 (B_a + B_b + B_c + B_d + B_e + B_f + B_g + B_h) \\
 & + \frac{1}{8} \tau_1 f_2 (-B_a - B_b - B_c - B_d + B_e + B_f + B_g + B_h)
 \end{aligned} \quad (80)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \frac{1}{8} \tau_2 (-B_a - B_b + B_c + B_d + B_e - B_f - B_g + B_h) \\
 & + \frac{1}{8} \tau_2 f_2 (B_a + B_b - B_c - B_d + B_e - B_f - B_g + B_h) \\
 & + \tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}
 \end{aligned}$$

or

$$\begin{aligned}
 & I_a (f_{32} - f_{33} - f_{34} + f_{35} - f_{36} + \tau_7) \\
 & + I_b (f_{32} - f_{33} + f_{34} - f_{35} - f_{36} + \tau_7) \\
 & + I_c (f_{32} - f_{33} + f_{34} - f_{35} + f_{36} - \tau_7) \\
 & + I_d (f_{32} - f_{33} - f_{34} + f_{35} + f_{36} - \tau_7) \\
 & + I_e (f_{32} + f_{33} - f_{34} - f_{35} - f_{36} - \tau_7) \\
 & + I_f (f_{32} + f_{33} - f_{34} - f_{35} + f_{36} + \tau_7) \\
 & + I_g (f_{32} + f_{33} + f_{34} + f_{35} + f_{36} + \tau_7) \\
 & + I_h (f_{32} + f_{33} + f_{34} + f_{35} - f_{36} - \tau_7) \\
 & = 8(\tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}) + \\
 & + B_a (\tau_1 - \tau_1 f_2 - \tau_2 + \tau_2 f_2) + B_a \{\tau_1 (1-f_2) - \tau_2 (1-f_2)\} + B_a (\tau_1 - \tau_2)(1-f_2) \\
 & + B_b (\tau_1 - \tau_1 f_2 - \tau_2 + \tau_2 f_2) + B_b (\tau_1 - \tau_2)(1-f_2) \\
 & + B_c (\tau_1 - \tau_1 f_2 + \tau_2 - \tau_2 f_2) + B_c \{\tau_1 (1-f_2) + \tau_2 (1-f_2)\} \\
 & + B_c (\tau_1 + \tau_2)(1-f_2) \\
 & + B_d (\tau_1 - \tau_1 f_2 + \tau_2 - \tau_2 f_2) + B_d (\tau_1 + \tau_2)(1-f_2) \\
 & + B_e (\tau_1 + \tau_1 f_2 + \tau_2 + \tau_2 f_2) + B_e (\tau_1 + \tau_2)(1+f_2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + B_f (\tau_1 + \tau_1 f_2 - \tau_2 - \tau_2 f_2) \rightarrow B_f \{\tau_1 (1+f_2) - \tau_2 (1+f_2)\} \\
 & \quad \rightarrow B_f (\tau_1 - \tau_2) (1+f_2) \\
 & + B_g (\tau_1 + \tau_1 f_2 - \tau_2 - \tau_2 f_2) \rightarrow B_g (\tau_1 - \tau_2) (1+f_2) \\
 & + B_h (\tau_1 + \tau_1 f_2 + \tau_2 - \tau_2 f_2) \rightarrow B_h (\tau_1 + \tau_2) (1+f_2) \quad (81)
 \end{aligned}$$

Let us write

$$F_a = f_{32} - f_{33} - f_{34} + f_{35} - f_{36} + \tau_7$$

$$F_b = f_{32} - f_{33} + f_{34} - f_{35} - f_{36} + \tau_7$$

$$F_c = f_{32} - f_{33} + f_{34} - f_{35} + f_{36} - \tau_7$$

$$F_d = f_{32} - f_{33} - f_{34} + f_{35} + f_{36} - \tau_7$$

$$F_e = f_{32} + f_{33} - f_{34} - f_{35} - f_{36} - \tau_7$$

$$F_f = f_{32} + f_{33} - f_{34} - f_{35} + f_{36} + \tau_7$$

$$F_g = f_{32} + f_{33} + f_{34} + f_{35} + f_{36} + \tau_7$$

$$F_h = f_{32} + f_{33} + f_{34} + f_{35} - f_{36} - \tau_7 \quad (82)$$

$$T_a = (\tau_1 - \tau_2) (1-f_2)$$

$$T_b = T_a$$

$$T_c = (\tau_1 + \tau_2) (1-f_2)$$

$$T_d = T_b$$

$$T_e = (\tau_1 + \tau_2) (1+f_2)$$

$$T_f = (\tau_1 - \tau_2) (1+f_2)$$

$$T_g = T_f$$

$$T_h = T_e$$

With (82), (81) can be rewritten as,

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_a I_a + F_b I_b + F_c I_c + F_d I_d + F_e I_e + F_f I_f + F_g I_g + F_h I_h \\
 = 8(\tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}) + \\
 + T_a B_a + T_b B_b + T_c B_c + T_d B_d + T_e B_e + T_f B_f + T_g B_g + T_h B_h
 \end{aligned} \tag{83}$$

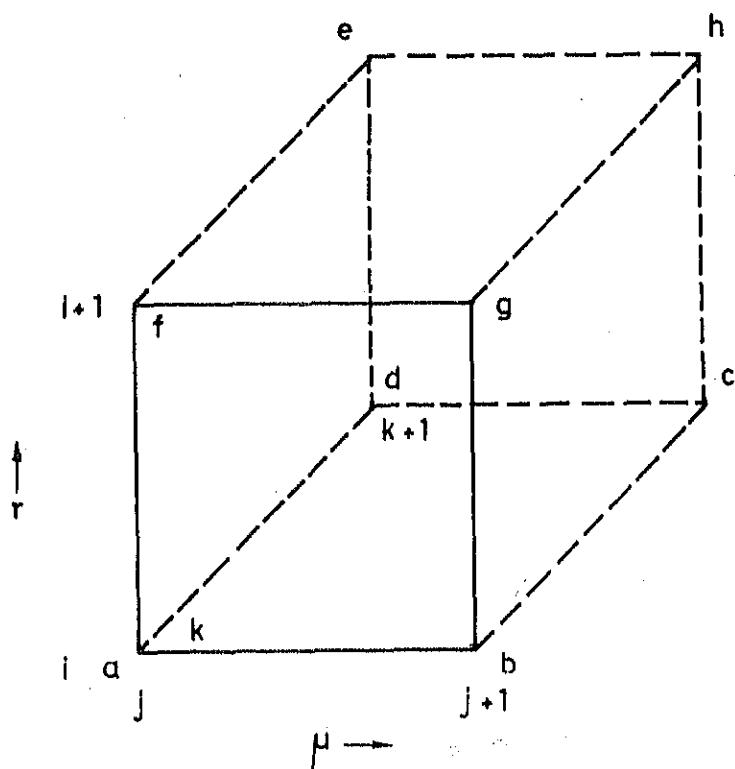


Fig.1 Schematic diagram of the angle-radius-frequency grid.

$$I(r, \mu, \nu) = I_0 + \xi I_\rho + \eta I_\mu + \chi I_\nu + \xi \eta I_{\rho\mu}$$

$$+ \eta \chi I_{\mu\nu} + \chi \xi I_{\nu\rho} + \xi \eta \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}$$

$$\eta = \frac{\mu - \tilde{\mu}}{\Delta \mu / 2}$$

$$= \frac{-\mu - (-\frac{i+j+\mu}{2})}{-(\mu_{j+1} - \mu_j)/2}$$

$$= \frac{\mu - \bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu/2}$$

We shall now try for the $-\mu$ rays.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\mu \frac{\partial I_v^r(-\mu)}{\partial r} - \frac{1-\mu^2}{r} \frac{\partial I_v^r(-\mu)}{\partial r} = \sigma_a'(v) [B_v - I_v^r(-\mu)] \\
 & - \sigma_{Th} (1-2\gamma) I_v^r(-\mu) + \sigma_{Th} \int_{4\pi} [A+B \frac{\partial I_v^r(\Omega'')}{\partial r} + C \frac{\partial^2 I_v^r(\Omega'')}{\partial v^2}] d\Omega'' \\
 & - \frac{3\sigma_{Th}}{16\pi} \frac{c^2 \gamma}{h\nu^3} I_v^r(-\mu) (1-v \frac{\partial}{\partial v}) f(1-\cos\Theta + \cos^2\Theta - \cos^3\Theta) \\
 & \quad I_v^r(\Omega'') d\Omega'' \tag{84}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos\Theta = \cos\theta \cos\theta' + \sin\theta \sin\theta' \cos\phi = (-\mu)(-\mu') + (1-\mu^2)(1-\mu'^2)$$

$$\cos\theta$$

$$= \mu\mu' + (1-\mu^2)(1-\mu'^2)\cos\varphi$$

From equation (21), for $-\mu$, we have,

$$-\mu \frac{\partial I(r, -\mu, v)}{\partial r} = -\frac{2\mu}{\Delta r} (I_\rho + \eta I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{v\rho} + \eta\chi I_{\rho\mu v}) \tag{85}$$

From equation (22), we have,

$$-\frac{1-\mu^2}{r} \frac{\partial I(r, -\mu, v)}{\partial r} = -\frac{1-\mu^2}{r} \frac{2}{\Delta\mu} (I_\mu + \xi I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\mu v} + \xi\chi I_{\rho\mu v}) \tag{86}$$

Therefore equation (23) for $-\mu$ is written as,

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2\mu}{\Delta r} (I_\rho + \eta I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{v\rho} + \eta\chi I_{\rho\mu v}) - \frac{1-\mu^2}{r} \frac{2}{\Delta\mu} (I_\mu + \xi I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\mu v} + \xi\chi I_{\rho\mu v}) \\
 & = \text{same as in equation (23)}. \tag{87}
 \end{aligned}$$

Now applying θ_μ on equation (87), we obtain,

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{2\bar{\mu}}{\Delta r} (I_\rho + \chi I_{v\rho}) - \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta\mu}{\Delta r} (I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\rho\mu v}) \\
 & - \frac{2(1-\bar{\mu}^2)}{r \cdot \Delta\mu} (I_\mu + \xi I_{\rho\mu} + \xi\chi I_{\rho\mu v})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + 2 \frac{\bar{\mu}}{r} (I_0 + \xi I_\rho + \chi I_\nu + \chi \xi I_{\nu\rho}) + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\Delta \mu}{r} (I_\mu + \xi I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\mu\nu} + \xi \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}) \\
& \cdot \\
& = \sigma'_a B(r, -\mu, \nu) - [\sigma'_a(v) + \sigma_{Th}(1-2\gamma)[I_0 + \xi I_\rho + \chi I_\nu + \chi \xi I_{\nu\rho}] \\
& + 4\pi \sigma_{Th} A + \frac{8\pi \sigma_{Th} B}{\Delta \nu} (I_\nu + \xi I_{\nu\rho}) \\
& - \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma_{Th}}{h\nu^3} \theta_\mu [I(r, -\mu, \nu) \{P I_0 + P \xi I_\rho - q I_\mu - q I_\mu \\
& - 2P \frac{\bar{\nu}}{\Delta \nu} I_\nu - q \xi I_{\rho\mu} + 2q \frac{\bar{\nu}}{\Delta \nu} I_{\mu\nu} + P(\chi \xi - \frac{2\nu}{\Delta \nu}) I_{\nu\rho} \\
& - q (\xi \chi - \frac{2\nu}{\Delta \nu}) I_{\rho\mu\nu}\}] \quad (88)
\end{aligned}$$

The last term in equation (88) = $\frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma_{Th}}{h\nu^3} A_\mu$

When operated by θ_ν , equation (88) becomes,

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2}{\Delta r} [\bar{\mu}(I_\rho + \chi I_{\nu\rho}) + \frac{1}{6} \Delta \mu(I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu})] \\
& - \frac{2}{\Delta \mu} (1-\bar{\mu}^2) [(I_\mu + \chi I_{\mu\nu}) \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} + (I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}) \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r}}{V} \Delta A)] \\
& + 2\bar{\mu} [(I_0 + \chi I_\nu) \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} + (I_\rho + \chi I_{\nu\rho}) \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r}}{V} \Delta A)] \\
& + \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu [(I_\mu + \chi I_{\mu\nu}) \frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} + (I_{\rho\mu} + \chi I_{\rho\mu\nu}) \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r}}{V} \Delta A)] \\
& = \sigma'_a(v) (B_0 + \chi B_\nu) + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} (B_\rho + \chi B_{\nu\rho}) \\
& + \Sigma(v) \{(I_0 + \chi I_\nu) + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} (I_\rho + \chi I_{\nu\rho})\} + 4\pi \sigma_{Th} A \\
& + \frac{8\pi \sigma_{Th}}{\Delta \nu} B (I_\nu + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A} I_{\nu\rho}) - \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma}{h\nu^3} A_\mu \xi \quad (89)
\end{aligned}$$

Upon using the operator θ_ν on equation (89), we obtain,

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2}{\Delta r} (\bar{\mu} I_\rho + \frac{1}{6} \Delta \mu I_{\rho\mu}) - \frac{2(1-\bar{\mu}^2)}{\Delta \mu} [\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} I_\mu + \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r}}{V} \Delta A) I_{\rho\mu}] \\
& + 2\bar{\mu} [\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} I_0 + \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\bar{r}}{V} \Delta A) I_\rho]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu \left[\frac{1}{2} \frac{\Delta A}{V} I_{\mu} + \frac{1}{\Delta r} (2 - \frac{\tilde{r} \Delta A}{V}) I_{\rho \mu} \right] \\
& = (\alpha_1 a_6, \alpha_2 a_2, \alpha_R^{ff}) (B_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} B_\rho) + (\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0) \\
& \quad (B_V + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} B_{V\rho}) \\
& + \{(\alpha_1 a_6, \alpha_2 a_2, \alpha_R^{ff}) + \sigma_{Th} (1 - 2\gamma' a_8)\} (I_0 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_\rho) \\
& + \{(\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0) - 2\sigma_{Th} \gamma' a_9\} (I_V + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{V\rho}) \\
& + \sigma_{Th} (P_2^+ + \gamma' P_1^+ a_8 + \alpha P_3^+) + B_\rho (I_V + \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{\bar{A}} I_{V\rho}) + K^+ A_{\mu \xi \nu} \tag{90}
\end{aligned}$$

Equation (90) can be rewritten as follows; similar to equation (75)

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2(\bar{\mu} I_\rho + \frac{1}{6} \Delta \mu I_{\rho \mu}) - f_{31} (3f_2 I_\mu + f_{30} I_{\rho \mu}) \\
& + 2\bar{\mu} (3f_2 I_0 + f_{30} I_\rho) + \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu (3f_2 I_\mu + f_{30} I_{\rho \mu}) \\
& = \tau_1 (B_0 + f_2 B_\rho) + \tau_2 (B_V + f_2 B_{V\rho}) + \tau_7 (I_V + f_2 I_{V\rho}) \\
& + \tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu \xi \nu} \tag{91}
\end{aligned}$$

Equation (91) can be rewritten as,

$$\begin{aligned}
& 6\bar{\mu} f_2 I_0 - 2\bar{\mu} (1 - f_{30}) I_\rho - 3f_2 (f_{31} - \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu) I_\mu - \tau_7 I_V \\
& - (\frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu \cdot \bar{\mu} + f_{30} f_{31} - \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu \cdot f_{30}) I_{\rho \mu} - \tau_7 f_2 I_{V\rho} \\
& = \tau_1 (B_0 + f_2 B_\rho) + \tau_2 (B_V + f_2 B_{V\rho}) + \tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu \xi \nu} \tag{92}
\end{aligned}$$

or

$$\begin{aligned}
& -f_{32} I_0 - f_{33} I_\rho - f_{34} I_\mu - \tau_7 I_V - f_{35} I_{\rho \mu} - f_{36} I_{V\rho} \\
& = \tau_1 B_0 + \tau_1 f_2 B_\rho + \tau_2 B_V + \tau_2 f_2 B_{V\rho} + \tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu \xi \nu} \tag{93}
\end{aligned}$$

Introducing (79) into (93), we obtain,

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{1}{8} f_{32} (I_a + I_b + I_c + I_d + I_e + I_f + I_g + I_h) - \\
& - \frac{1}{8} f_{33} (-I_a - I_b - I_c - I_d + I_e + I_f + I_g + I_h) - \\
& - \frac{1}{8} f_{34} (-I_a + I_b + I_c - I_d - I_e - I_f + I_g + I_h) - \\
& - \frac{1}{8} \tau_7 (I_a + I_b - I_c - I_d - I_e + I_f + I_g - I_h) - \\
& - \frac{1}{8} f_{35} (I_a - I_b - I_c + I_d - I_e - I_f + I_g + I_h) - \\
& - \frac{1}{8} f_{36} (-I_a - I_b + I_c + I_d - I_e + I_f + I_g - I_h) \\
& = \frac{1}{8} \tau_1 (B_a + B_b + B_c + B_d + B_e + B_f + B_g + B_h) + \\
& + \frac{1}{8} \tau_1 f_2 (-B_a - B_b - B_c - B_d + B_e + B_f + B_g + B_h) + \\
& + \frac{1}{8} \tau_2 (-B_a - B_b + B_c + B_d + B_e - B_f - B_g + B_h) + \\
& + \frac{1}{8} \tau_2 f_2 (B_a + B_b - B_c - B_d + B_e - B_f - B_g + B_h) + \\
& + \tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu} \tag{94}
\end{aligned}$$

Collecting the coefficients of the nodal points and rearranging equation (94) would give,

$$\begin{aligned}
& I_a (-f_{32} + f_{33} + f_{34} - f_{35} + f_{36} - \tau_7) + \\
& + I_b (-f_{32} + f_{33} - f_{34} + f_{35} + f_{36} - \tau_7) + \\
& + I_c (-f_{32} + f_{33} - f_{34} + f_{35} - f_{36} + \tau_7) + \\
& + I_d (-f_{32} + f_{33} + f_{34} - f_{35} - f_{36} + \tau_7) + \\
& + I_e (-f_{32} - f_{33} + f_{34} + f_{35} + f_{36} + \tau_7) + \\
& + I_f (-f_{32} - f_{33} + f_{34} + f_{35} - f_{36} - \tau_7) + \\
& + I_h (-f_{32} - f_{33} - f_{34} - f_{35} + f_{36} + \tau_7)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & = 8 (\tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}) \\
 f_{11} & = a_2 q_\mu, \quad f_{10} = a_4 R f_3 + 2 f_2 q_\mu \frac{a}{\Delta v} \\
 f_9 & = a_4 R - \frac{a}{\Delta v} f_2, \quad f_8 = a_4 f_2 f_3 + 2 q_\mu \frac{a}{\Delta v} \\
 f_7 & = a_4 p_{\eta\mu} + 2 a_2 q_\mu \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} \\
 f_6 & = a_4 f_2 - \frac{a}{\Delta v}, \quad f_5 = a_4 R - \frac{a}{\Delta v} f_2 \\
 f_4 & = a_4 - 2 a_2 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}, \quad f_3 = p_{\eta\mu} - q_\mu, \quad f_2 = \frac{1}{6} \frac{\Delta A}{A}, \quad f_1 = a_2 p_\mu \\
 g_1 & = 2 f_1 f_2, \quad g_2 = a_2 f_3, \quad g_3 = p_\mu f_4, \quad g_4 = f_2 f_3 a_2 \\
 g_5 & = 2 p_\mu f_5, \quad g_6 = R f_1, \quad g_7 = a_2 f_2 f_9, \quad g_8 = p_\mu f_2 f_4 \\
 g_9 & = R a_2 f_3, \quad g_{10} = f_2 f_7, \quad g_{11} = 2 p_\mu f_9 \\
 g_{12} & = 2 f_2 a_2 q_{\eta\mu}, \quad g_{13} = q_{\eta\mu} f_4, \quad g_{14} = a_4 f_2 f_3 - 2 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{a}{\Delta v} \\
 \tau_1 & = \Delta r (\alpha_1 a_6, \alpha_2 a_2, \alpha_R^{ff}) \\
 \tau_2 & = \Delta r (\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0) \\
 \tau_3 & = \Delta r \sigma_{Th} (1 - 2 \gamma' a_9) \\
 \tau_4 & = \Delta r \cdot \{(\alpha_1 a_7, \alpha_2 a_4, 0) - 2 \sigma_{Th} \gamma' a_9 + B_p\} \\
 \tau_5 & = \Delta r \cdot \sigma_{Th} (p_2' + \gamma' p_1' - a_8 + \alpha p_9') \\
 \tau_6 & = \Delta r \cdot k' \\
 \tau_7 & = \tau_2 + \tau_3 \\
 a_1 & = \frac{1}{\Delta v} \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) \\
 a_2 & = \frac{1}{v_k v_{k+1}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f_{34} = 3f_2 (f_{31} - \frac{1}{3} \Delta\mu)$$

$$f_{39} = 2\bar{\mu} (1 - f_{30})$$

$$f_{32} = -6\bar{\mu} f_2$$

$$f_{31} = \frac{2}{\Delta\mu} (1 - \bar{\mu}^2)$$

$$f_{30} = 2 - \frac{\bar{r}}{\Delta r} \frac{\Delta A}{A}$$

$$f_{29} = q_{\eta\mu} f_{26}, \quad f_{28} = f_3 f_{26}, \quad f_{27} = p_\mu f_{26}$$

$$f_{26} = (a_5 R - 2f_2 \frac{a}{\Delta v})$$

$$f_{23} = q_{\eta\mu} \{ f_2 (a_5 + 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) + \frac{2a_3}{\Delta v} \}$$

$$f_{24} = f_2 (a_5 p_{\eta\mu} + 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) - 2p_{\eta\mu} \frac{a}{\Delta v}$$

$$f_{23} = 2a_4 q_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}, \quad f_{22} = 2q_{\eta\mu} f_3$$

$$f_{21} = a_4 R f_3 - 2f_2 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{a}{\Delta v}$$

$$f_{20} = f_2 q_{\eta\mu} (2 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} - a_4), \quad f_{19} = a_2 R q_{\eta\mu}$$

$$f_{18} = f_2 (a_5 q_{\mu} + 2a_4 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) - 2q_{\mu} \frac{a}{\Delta v}$$

$$f_{17} = p_\mu \{ f_2 (a_5 - 2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}) - \frac{2a_3}{\Delta v} \}$$

$$f_{16} = -2a_4 \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v} f_3$$

$$f_{15} = f_2 (a_4 q_{\mu} + 2a_2 p_{\eta\mu}), \quad f_{14} = 2a_4 p_{\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}$$

$$f_{13} = 2q_{\eta\mu} (f_2 a_4 - \frac{a}{\Delta v})$$

$$f_{12} = a_4 q_{\mu} + 2a_2 p_{\eta\mu} \frac{\bar{v}}{\Delta v}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_3 &= \frac{2}{(\Delta v)^2} \left\{ \Delta v - \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) \right\} \\
 a_4 &= \frac{2}{(\Delta v)^2} \left\{ \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) - \frac{\bar{v} \cdot \Delta v}{v_k v_{k+1}} \right\} \\
 a_5 &= \frac{4}{(\Delta v)^3} \left\{ \Delta v - 2\bar{v} \ln \left(\frac{v_{k+1}}{v_k} \right) + \frac{(\bar{v})^2}{v_k v_{k+1}} \right\} \\
 a_6 &= \frac{\bar{v}}{v_k^2 v_{k+1}^2} \\
 a_7 &= \frac{2}{\Delta v} \left\{ \frac{1}{v_k v_{k+1}} - \left(\frac{\bar{v}}{v_k v_{k+1}} \right)^2 \right\} \\
 a_8 &= \bar{v} \\
 a_9 &= \frac{2}{\Delta v} \left\{ \frac{1}{3} (v_{k+1}^2 + v_{k+1} v_k + v_k^2) - (\bar{v})^2 \right\} \\
 B_1 &= 1 - \frac{6}{5} p_1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 - \frac{3}{10} p_3
 \end{aligned}$$

Where p_1 , p_2 and p_3 are Legendre Polynomials.

$$\begin{aligned}
 B_2 &= B_1 \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \gamma' \left[(v_{k+1}^2 + v_{k+1} v_k + v_k^2) - 2\bar{v} \right] \right\} \\
 B_p &= 2 \frac{\sigma_{Th}}{\Delta v} B_1 B_2, \quad \gamma' = \frac{h}{m_0 c^2} = 8.1019 \times 10^{-21} \text{ sec.} \\
 p_1 &= \frac{6}{5} p_1 - \frac{1}{2} p_2 + \frac{3}{10} p_3 - 1 \\
 p_2 &= 1 + \frac{1}{2} p_2 \\
 p_3 &= -\frac{6}{5} p_1 - 3p_2 + \frac{6}{5} p_3 \\
 \alpha_1 &= 3.7 \times 10^8 T^{-\frac{1}{2}} Z^2 n_e n_i \bar{g}_{ff} \\
 \alpha_2 &= 1.8 \times 10^{-2} T^{-3/2} Z^2 n_e n_i \bar{g}_{ff} \\
 \alpha_R^{ff} &= 1.7 \times 10^{-25} T^{-7/2} Z^2 n_e n_i \bar{g}_R \\
 \alpha &= \frac{kT}{m_0 c^2} = 1.687343 \times 10^{-10} T \\
 K' &= \frac{3}{16} \frac{\sigma_{Th}}{m_0} = 136.9257
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + B_a (\tau_1 - \tau_2) (1-f_2) \\
& + B_b (\tau_1 - \tau_2) (1-f_2) \\
& + B_c (\tau_1 + \tau_2) (1-f_2) \\
& + B_d (\tau_1 + \tau_2) (1-f_2) \\
& + B_e (\tau_1 + \tau_2) (1+f_2) \\
& + B_f (\tau_1 - \tau_2) (1+f_2) \\
& + B_g (\tau_1 - \tau_2) (1+f_2) \\
& + B_h (\tau_1 + \tau_2) (1+f_2)
\end{aligned} \tag{95}$$

Equation (95) is rewritten in terms of equations (82) we thus obtain,

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \Gamma_a I_a - \Gamma_b I_b - \Gamma_c I_c - F_d I_d - \Gamma_e I_e - \Gamma_f I_f - F_g I_g - F_h I_h \\
& - 8(\tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}) \\
& + T_a B_a + T_b B_b + T_c B_c + T_d B_d + T_e B_e + T_f B_f + T_g B_g + T_h B_h
\end{aligned} \tag{96}$$

Equations (83) and (96) can be written for both the directions as follows

$$\begin{aligned}
& \Gamma_a I_a^+ + F_b I_b^+ + F_c I_c^+ + F_d I_d^+ + \Gamma_e I_e^+ + F_f I_f^+ + F_g I_g^+ + F_h I_h^+ \\
& = 8(\tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}^+) \\
& + T_a B_a^+ + T_b B_b^+ + T_c B_c^+ + T_d B_d^+ + T_e B_e^+ + T_f B_f^+ + T_g B_g^+ + T_h B_h^+
\end{aligned} \tag{97}$$

and,

$$\begin{aligned}
& - F_a I_a^- - F_b I_b^- - F_c I_c^- - F_d I_d^- - \Gamma_e I_e^- - F_f I_f^- - F_g I_g^- - F_h I_h^- \\
& = 8(\tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}^-) \\
& + T_a B_a^- + T_b B_b^- + T_c B_c^- + T_d B_d^- + T_e B_e^- + T_f B_f^- + T_g B_g^- + T_h B_h^-
\end{aligned} \tag{98}$$

From the notation given in Figure 1 we have

$$\begin{aligned} I_a &= I_j^1 \quad k \quad I_b^+ \quad I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad I_c \quad I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad I_d \quad I_j^1 \quad k \quad 1 \\ I_e &= I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad I_f \quad I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad I_g \quad I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad I_h \quad I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \end{aligned} \quad (99)$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} I_a &= I_j^1 \quad k \quad I_b \quad I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad I_c \quad I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k+1 \quad I_d \quad I_j^1 \quad k \quad 1 \\ I_e &= I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad I_f \quad I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad I_g \quad I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad I_h \quad I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \end{aligned} \quad (100)$$

Similarly the source terms are also written. Thus

$$\begin{aligned} B_a &= B_j^1 \quad + \quad B_b \quad B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad B_c \quad B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad B_d \quad B_j^1 \quad k+1 \\ B_e &= B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad B_f \quad B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad B_g \quad B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad B_h^+ \quad B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \end{aligned} \quad (101)$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} B_a &= B_j^1 \quad k \quad B_b \quad B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad B_c \quad B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k+1 \quad B_d \quad B_j^1 \quad k \quad 1 \\ B_e &= B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad B_f \quad B_j^{1+1} \quad B_g \quad B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad B_h \quad B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \end{aligned} \quad (102)$$

Equations (97) and (98) can be rewritten using equations (99-102) as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} F_a I_j^1 \quad k &= F_b I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad F_c I_{j+1}^1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad F_d I_j^1 \quad + \quad 1 \quad F_i I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k+1 \\ F_f I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k &= F_g I_{j+1}^{1+1} \quad k \quad + \quad F_h I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad 8(\tau_s - \tau_s A_{\mu\xi\nu}) \\ T_a B_j^1 \quad k &+ T_b B_j^1 \quad + \quad 1 \quad k \quad T_c B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad T_d B_j^1 \quad k+1 \quad + \quad T_e B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \\ T_f B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad + \quad + \quad T_g B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad + \quad T_h B_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k+1 \end{aligned} \quad (103)$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} F_a I_j^1 \quad k &= F_b I_{j+1}^1 \quad k \quad F_c I_{j+1}^1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad F_d I_j^1 \quad k+1 \quad F_e I_j^{1+1} \quad k \quad 1 \\ F_f I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k &= F_g I_{j+1}^{1+1} \quad k \quad F_h I_j^1 \quad 1 \quad k \quad 1 \quad 8(\tau_s - \tau_s A_{\mu\xi\nu}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + T_a B_{j,k}^{i,-} + T_b B_{j+1,k}^{i,-} + T_c B_{j+1,k+1}^{i,-} + T_d B_{j,k+1}^{i,-} + T_e B_{j,k+1}^{i+1,-} \\
& + T_f B_{j,k}^{i+1,-} + T_g B_{j+1,k}^{i+1,-} + T_h B_{j+1,k+1}^{i+1,-}
\end{aligned} \tag{104}$$

Equations (103) and (104) can be written as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
& [F_a^j, k I_{j,k}^{i,+} + F_b^{j+1, k} I_{j+1,k}^{i,+}]_k \\
& + [F_d^{j, k+1} I_{j,k+1}^{i,+} + F_c^{j+1, k+1} I_{j+1,k+1}^{i,+}]_{k+1} \\
& + [F_f^j, k I_{j,k}^{i+1,+} + F_g^{j+1, k} I_{j+1,k}^{i+1,+}]_k \\
& + [F_e^{j, k+1} I_{j,k+1}^{i+1,+} + F_h^{j+1, k+1} I_{j+1,k+1}^{i+1,+}]_{k+1} \\
& = 8(\tau_s + \tau_e A_{\mu\xi\nu}^+) \\
& + [T_a^j B_{j,k}^{i,+} + T_b^{j+1} B_{j+1,k}^{i,+}]_k + \\
& [T_d^j B_{j,k+1}^{i,+} + T_c^{j+1} B_{j+1,k+1}^{i,+}]_{k+1} \\
& + [T_f^j B_{j,k}^{i+1,+} + T_g^{j+1} B_{j+1,k}^{i+1,+}]_k + \\
& [T_e^j B_{j,k+1}^{i+1,+} + T_h^{j+1} B_{j+1,k+1}^{i+1,+}]_{k+1}
\end{aligned} \tag{105}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
& - [F_a^j, k I_{j,k}^{i,-} + F_b^{j+1, k} I_{j+1,k}^{i,-}]_k - [F_d^{j, k+1} I_{j,k+1}^{i,-} + F_c^{j+1, k+1} I_{j+1,k+1}^{i,-}]_{k+1} \\
& - [F_f^j, k I_{j,k}^{i+1,-} + F_g^{j+1, k} I_{j+1,k}^{i+1,-}]_k - \\
& [F_e^{j, k+1} I_{j,k+1}^{i+1,-} + F_h^{j+1, k+1} I_{j+1,k+1}^{i+1,-}]_{k+1} \\
& = 8(\tau_s + \tau_e A_{\mu\xi\nu}^-)
\end{aligned}$$

$$+ [T_a^j B_{j,k}^{i,-} + T_b^{j+1} B_{j+1,k}^{i,-}]_k + [T_d^j B_{j,k+1}^{i,-} + T_c^{j+1} B_{j+1,k+1}^{i,-}]_{k+1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + [T_f^j B_{j,k}^{j+1,-} + T_g^{j+1} B_{j+1,k}^{j+1,-}]_k + \\
 & [T_e^j B_{j,k+1}^{j+1,-} + T_h^{j+1} B_{j+1,k+1}^{j+1,-}]_{k+1}
 \end{aligned} \tag{106}$$

s group all the coefficients:

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_a &= (\tau_1 - \tau_2)(1-f_2), \quad T_b = T_a, \quad T_c = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)(1-f_2), \\
 T_d &= T_b, \quad T_e = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)(1+f_2), \quad T_f = (\tau_1 - \tau_2)(1+f_2), \\
 T_g &= T_f, \quad T_h = T_e
 \end{aligned}$$

$$F_a = f_{32} - f_{33} - f_{34} + f_{35} - f_{36} + \tau_7,$$

$$F_b = f_{32} - f_{33} + f_{34} - f_{35} - f_{36} + \tau_7,$$

$$F_c = f_{32} - f_{33} + f_{34} - f_{35} + f_{36} - \tau_7,$$

$$F_d = f_{32} - f_{33} - f_{34} + f_{35} + f_{36} - \tau_7,$$

$$F_e = f_{32} + f_{33} - f_{34} - f_{35} - f_{36} - \tau_7,$$

$$F_f = f_{32} + f_{33} - f_{34} - f_{35} + f_{36} + \tau_7,$$

$$F_g = f_{32} + f_{33} + f_{34} + f_{35} + f_{36} + \tau_7,$$

$$F_h = f_{32} + f_{33} + f_{34} + f_{35} - f_{36} - \tau_7,$$

$$f_{36} = \tau_7 f_2, \quad f_{35} = f_{30} f_{31} + \frac{1}{3} \Delta \mu (\bar{\mu} - f_{30})$$

$$r_3 = r_{1+1}^2 + r_{1+1} r_1 + r_1^2$$

$$r_4 = r_{1+1}^2 + r_1^2$$

$$r_5 = r_{1+1}^4 + r_{1+1}^3 r_1 + r_{1+1}^2 r_1^2 + r_{1+1} r_1^3 + r_1^4$$

$$R = \frac{16\pi}{V \Delta r} \left\{ \frac{1}{5} r_5 - (\tilde{r})^2 r_4 + \frac{1}{3} (\tilde{r}) r_3 \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 p_\mu &= \frac{2}{3} (1 + 2\bar{\mu}^2) \\
 q_\mu &= 4 \frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \left\{ \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{3} (1 + \bar{\mu}^2) \right\} \\
 p_{\eta\mu} &= \frac{4}{9} \bar{\mu} \Delta\mu \\
 q_{\eta\mu} &= 8 \left(\frac{\bar{\mu}}{\Delta\mu} \right)^2 \left\{ \frac{7}{5} + \mu_j^2 + \mu_{j+1}^2 + \frac{1}{30} \left(\frac{\Delta\mu}{\bar{\mu}} \right)^2 - q_\mu \right\} \\
 \mu^2 &= \frac{1}{3} (\mu_{j+1}^2 + \mu_{j+1} \mu_j + \mu_j^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Equation (105) can be rewritten as,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \tilde{\Gamma}_k^{ab} I_k^{1,+} + \tilde{\Gamma}_{k+1}^{dc} I_{k+1}^{1,+} + \tilde{F}_k^{fg} I_k^{1+1,+} + \tilde{F}_{k+1}^{eh} I_{k+1}^{1+1,+} \\
 = 8 (\tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}^+) H \\
 + \tilde{T}_k^{ab} B_k^{1,+} + \tilde{T}_{k+1}^{dc} B_{k+1}^{1,+} + \tilde{T}_k^{fg} B_k^{1+1,+} + \tilde{T}_{k+1}^{eh} B_{k+1}^{1+1,+} \quad (107)
 \end{aligned}$$

Similarly equation (106) is written as,

$$\begin{aligned}
 - \tilde{F}_k^{ab} I_k^{1,-} - \tilde{F}_{k+1}^{dc} I_{k+1}^{1,-} - \tilde{F}_k^{fg} I_k^{1+1,-} - \tilde{F}_{k+1}^{eh} I_{k+1}^{1+1,-} \\
 = 8 (\tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}^-) H \\
 + \tilde{T}_k^{ab} B_k^{1,-} + \tilde{T}_{k+1}^{dc} B_{k+1}^{1,-} + \tilde{T}_k^{fg} B_k^{1+1,-} + \tilde{T}_{k+1}^{eh} B_{k+1}^{1+1,-} \quad (108)
 \end{aligned}$$

Where we have for J angles,

$$\tilde{F}_k^{ab} = \begin{bmatrix} F_a^{j,k} & F_b^{j+1,k} \\ & F_a^{j+1,k} & F_b^{j+2,k} \\ & & F_a^{j-1,k} & F_b^{j,k} \\ & & & F_a^{j,k} \end{bmatrix} \quad (109)$$

$$\tilde{F}_{k+1}^{dc} = \begin{bmatrix} F_d^{j,k+1} & F_c^{j+1,k+1} \\ & F_d^{j+1,k+1} & F_c^{j+2,k+1} \\ & & F_d^{j-1,k+1} & F_c^{j,k+1} \\ & & & F_d^{j,k+1} \end{bmatrix} \quad (110)$$

$$\tilde{F}_k^{fg} = \begin{bmatrix} F_f^{j,k} & F_g^{j+1,k} \\ & F_f^{j+1,k} & F_g^{j+2,k} \\ & & F_f^{j-1,k} & F_g^{j,k} \\ & & & F_f^{j,k} \end{bmatrix} \quad (111)$$

$$\tilde{F}_{k+1}^{eh} = \begin{bmatrix} F_e^{j,k+1} & F_h^{j+1,k+1} \\ & F_e^{j+1,k+1} & F_h^{j+2,k+1} \\ & & F_e^{j-1,k+1} & F_h^{j,k+1} \\ & & & F_e^{j,k+1} \end{bmatrix} \quad (112)$$

$$\tilde{T}_k^{ab} = \begin{bmatrix} T_a^{j,k} & T_b^{j+1,k} \\ & T_a^{j+1,k} & T_b^{j+2,k} \\ & & T_a^{j-1,k} & T_b^{j,k} \\ & & & T_a^{j,k} \end{bmatrix} \quad (113)$$

$$I_{k+1}^{dc} = \begin{bmatrix} T_d^{j,k+1} & T_c^{j+1,k+1} \\ T_d^{j+1,k+1} & T_c^{j+2,k+1} \\ & T_d^{j-1,k+1} \\ & T_c^{j,k+1} \\ & T_d^{j,k+1} \end{bmatrix} \quad (114)$$

$$I_k^{fg} = \begin{bmatrix} T_f^{j,k} & T_g^{j+1,k} \\ T_f^{j+1,k} & T_g^{j+2,k} \\ & T_f^{j-1,k} \\ & T_g^{j,k} \\ & T_f^{j,k} \end{bmatrix} \quad (115)$$

$$I_{k+1}^{eh} = \begin{bmatrix} T_e^{j,k+1} & T_h^{j+1,k+1} \\ T_e^{j+1,k+1} & T_h^{j+2,k+1} \\ & T_e^{j-1,k+1} \\ & T_h^{j,k+1} \\ & T_e^{j,k+1} \end{bmatrix} \quad (116)$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & & & & \\ & 1 & & & \\ & & 1 & & \\ & & & 1 & \\ & & & & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (117)$$

We shall incorporate all K frequency points

Therefore equations (107) and (108) are rewritten as

$$\tilde{F}_{dc}^{ab} I_1 \quad \tilde{F}_{eh}^{fg} I_1 \quad 8 Q(\tau - \tau A_{\mu\xi\nu}) + \tilde{T}_{dc}^{ab} B_1 \quad \tilde{T}_{eh}^{fg} B_1 \quad (118)$$

$$\tilde{F}_{dc}^{ab} I_1 \quad \tilde{F}_{eh}^{fg} I_1 \quad 8 Q(\tau - \tau A_{\mu\xi\nu}) \quad \tilde{T}_{dc}^{ab} B_1 \quad \tilde{T}_{eh}^{fg} B_1 \quad (119)$$

Where

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_k^{ab} & & & \\ & \tilde{F}_{k-1}^{dc} & & \\ & & F_{k-1}^{ab} & \tilde{F}_{k-2}^{dc} \\ F_{dc}^{ab} & & & \\ & & F_{k-1}^{ab} & F_K^{dc} \\ & & & F_K^{ab} \end{bmatrix} \quad (120)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} F_k^{fg} & & & \\ & \tilde{F}_{k-1}^{eh} & & \\ & & F_{k-1}^{fg} & \tilde{F}_{k-2}^{eh} \\ \tilde{F}_{eh}^{fg} & & & \\ & & F_{k-1}^{fg} & \tilde{F}_K^{eh} \\ & & & \tilde{F}_K^{fg} \end{bmatrix} \quad (121)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} H & & & \\ & H & & \\ & & H & \\ & & & H \\ Q & & & H \\ & & & H \end{bmatrix} \quad (122)$$

Equations (118) and (119) are written in the form of Interaction Principle.

$$\tilde{E}_{eh}^{fg} I_{l+1}^+ = -\tilde{E}_{dc}^{ab} I_l^+ + 8 Q(\tau_s + \tau_e A_{\mu\xi\nu}^+) + \tilde{T}_{dc}^{ab} B_l^+ + \tilde{T}_{eh}^{fg} B_{l+1}^+ \quad (123)$$

$$-\tilde{E}_{dc}^{ab} I_l^- = \tilde{E}_{eh}^{fg} I_{l+1}^- + 8 Q(\tau_s + \tau_e A_{\mu\xi\nu}^-) + \tilde{T}_{dc}^{ab} B_l^- + \tilde{T}_{eh}^{fg} B_{l+1}^- \quad (124)$$

If we write that

$$\tilde{E}_{dc}^{ab} = Q^{-1} E_{dc}^{ab}, \tilde{E}_{eh}^{fg} = Q E_{eh}^{fg} \quad (125)$$

$$\tilde{T}_{dc}^{ab} = Q^{-1} T_{dc}^{ab}, \tilde{T}_{eh}^{fg} = Q T_{eh}^{fg} \quad (126)$$

and

$$\tilde{E} = \begin{bmatrix} E & \\ & E \end{bmatrix} \quad (127)$$

\tilde{E} is the identity matrix.

Then equations (123) and (124) are rewritten as,

$$\begin{bmatrix} \tilde{E}_{eh}^{fg} & 0 \\ 0 & -\tilde{E}_{dc}^{ab} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_{l+1}^+ \\ I_l^- \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\tilde{E}_{dc}^{ab} & 0 \\ 0 & \tilde{E}_{eh}^{fg} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_l^+ \\ I_{l+1}^- \end{bmatrix} + T_{dc}^{ab} \tilde{E} \begin{bmatrix} B_l^+ \\ B_l^- \end{bmatrix} + T_{eh}^{fg} \tilde{E} \begin{bmatrix} B_{l+1}^+ \\ B_{l+1}^- \end{bmatrix} + 8 \begin{bmatrix} \tau_s + \tau_e A_{\mu\xi\nu}^+ \\ \tau_s + \tau_e A_{\mu\xi\nu}^- \end{bmatrix} \quad (128)$$

or,

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_{l+1}^+ \\ I_l^- \end{bmatrix} = K^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} -\tilde{E}_{dc}^{ab} & 0 \\ 0 & \tilde{E}_{eh}^{fg} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I_l^+ \\ I_{l+1}^- \end{bmatrix} + K^{-1} T_{dc}^{ab} \tilde{E} \begin{bmatrix} B_l^+ \\ B_l^- \end{bmatrix} + 8 \begin{bmatrix} \tau_s + \tau_e A_{\mu\xi\nu}^+ \\ \tau_s + \tau_e A_{\mu\xi\nu}^- \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \mathcal{K}^{-1} \tilde{T}_{\sim eh}^{fg} \bar{E} \begin{bmatrix} B_{i+1}^+ \\ B_{i+1}^- \end{bmatrix} + 8 \mathcal{K}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}^+ \\ \tau_5 + \tau_6 A_{\mu\xi\nu}^- \end{bmatrix} \quad (129)$$

$$\mathcal{K}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} (\tilde{F}_{\sim eh}^{fg})^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & -(\tilde{F}_{\sim dc}^{ab})^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \quad (130)$$

From equations (129) and (130), we obtain the transmission and reflection operators.

References

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