## Ionospheric effects of the total solar eclipse of 24 October 1995 over Ahmedabad

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Ionospheric effects of the solar eclipse of 24 October 1995 over Ahmedabad with maximum obscuration of 83% at 0800 hr (75°EMT) are studied based on digital ionosonde data. The variations with time of critical frequencies  $f_0E$ ,  $f_0F_1$  and  $f_0F_2$  plotted every minute for the solar eclipse day and control day (23 October 1995) during the period 0630 - 1000 hr in Figure 1. The value of  $f_0E$ , remained constant between 0700 and 0810 hr and then recovered to the value on control day by 0930 hr. The  $f_0F_1$  decreases from 3.5 MHz to 2.5 MHz between 0720 hr to 0800 hr and increased to the control day value of 4.5 MHz at 0915 hr. The value of  $f_0F_2$  did not change much between 0710 and 0915 hr. Maximum deviations from control day are about 28% for  $f_0F_2$ , 35% for  $f_0E$ , and 45% for  $f_0F_1$ . There does not appear any time delay between the eclipse maximum and the maximum deviation for the critical frequency of any ionospheric layer. The decrease in maximum electron densities of 57%, 69% and 40% for the E,  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  layers respectively are slightly higher than the decrease of 40%, 57% and 25% seen in the solar eclipse of 16 February 1980 when the obscuration was 75%.

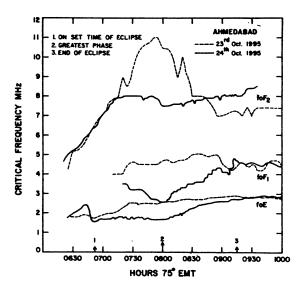


Figure 1.