Kodaikanal Observatory.

BULLETIN No. LVIII.

SUMMARY OF PROMINENCE OBSERVATIONS FOR THE SECOND HALF OF THE YEAR 1917.

The distribution of the prominences photographed at Kodaikanal during the half-year ending December 31, 1917, is represented in the accompanying diagram. The full line gives the mean daily areas and the broken line the mean daily numbers for each zone of 5° of latitude. The ordinates represent tenths of a square minute of arc for the full line and numbers for the broken line. The means are corrected for incomplete or imperfect photographs, the total of 157 days being reduced to 129 effective days.

MEAN AREAS AND MEAN NUMBERS OF PROMINENCES.

JULY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1917.

Mean areas—full line
Mean numbers—broken line

NORTH.

NORTH.

SOUTH

SOUTH

The diagram indicates three principal zones of activity, a well defined zone exactly coinciding with the equator, a mid-latitude zone with maxima between $\pm 30^{\circ}$ and 40° , and a high latitude zone with maxima between $\pm 70^{\circ}$ and 80° . This distribution is very similar to that recorded for the first half of the year, excepting that the high latitude zones have advanced in latitude to the near neighbourhood of the poles. The northern zone is shown to be 5° ahead of the southern in this movement and its position is practically that which is associated with sunspot maximum.

The mean daily areas and daily numbers corrected for imperfect records are given below:—

ly s.

The mean total area is less than that recorded for the previous half-year by about 8 per cent, although the mean number has slightly increased.

The northern hemisphere has continued more active than the southern.

The monthly, quarterly, and half-yearly frequencies, and the mean height and extent of prominences are given in the following table. The frequencies are derived from the number of effective days.

TABLE I.—ABSTRACT FOR THE SECOND HALF OF 1917.

Mouth		of days of vations.		Mean daily		Mean
MOUSI	Total.	Effective	prominences.	frequency.	height.	extent.
1917	Add made and	energy some	and any statements		//	L)
July	28 30 25 24 22 28	20 22 20 21 19 27	355 440 391 468 403 520	17 8 20·0 19·6 22 3 21·2 19 3	34·5 30·2 35·1 38·9 38·4 38·2	3 90 4 13 2 89 2 99 3 57 8 94
Third quarter	88	62	1186	19.1	36 4	3.65
Fourth quarter	74	67	1391	20.8	38 5	3.51
Second half-year	157	129	2577	20:0	37.5	3 58

The means differ but little from those found for the first half of the year, but the mean height and mean extent of the prominences have slightly diminished.

Distribution east and west of the sun's axis.

Both areas and numbers show an excess on the west limb as is seen in the table below :-

1917 July to December	East.	West	Percentage east.
Number observed	1258	1319	48:82
Total areas in square minutes	3070	3310	48 12

$Metallic\ prominences.$

The following metallic prominences were recorded in the half-year .—

TABLE II.—LIST OF METALLIC PROMINENCES OBSERVED AT KODAIKANAL, JULY TO DECEMBER 1917.

T		Hour IST		D	Latit	udo	r	TT or old	Lines			
Date.		IS	T	Base	North South.		Limb	Height	Illies			
1917.		и.	м	٥	0	a		"				
July	6	8	35	5	20.5		\mathbf{w}	50	D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , 5316 8, 6677.			
September	16	8	47	5	39		\mathbf{w}	40	D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5316.8			
	17	9	10		18		\mathbf{E}	125	D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 6677.			
October	9	8	45			16	W	120	D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂			
	24	8	31	5		17.5	W	40	$D_1, D_2, b_3, b_2, b_3, b_4, 5316.8, 6677$, the last line slightly.			
November	3	8	45	2	Equator.		w	25	D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄			
	23	8	50		24		w	140	D ₂ , D ₂ , b ₃ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5316.8			
	30	8	57		23		w	10	D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5316.8, 6677.			
\mathbf{D} ecember	2	8	28	4	23		w	30	7065, 6677, D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₃ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 4924*1, 5016, 5018*6, 5197*2, 5234*8, 5276*2, 5284*3, 5316*8, 5326*2, 5328*1, 5363*0, 5397*3, 5404*4, 5405*9, 5425*4, 5429*9, 5447*1, 5535*1.			
	5	8	24	3	31.5		w	40	D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ .			
	18	8	45	17	1.5		w	35	4924·1, 5018·6, b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5197·7, 5234·8, 5276·2, 5284·2, 5316·8, 5363·0, D ₁ , D ₂ , 6677.			
	19 24 25	15 8 8	49 56 53	13	4 12:5	9	W E W	30 120 75	D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 53, 6677. D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5316·8, 4924·1, b ₄ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5197·7, 5234·8, 5316·8, D ₄ ,			
	26 27 27	8 8 9	53 55 3	16 15 3	14.5	21	W E W	55 30 100	D ₂ , 007, b ₃ , b ₄ , b ₅ , b ₄ , 6677, D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , b ₄ , 6677, D ₁ , D ₂ , b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5316·8, 6677, 4924·1, 5016, 5018·6, b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5197·7, 5234·8, 5276·2, 5316·8, D ₃ , D ₂ , 6677, 4924·1, 5016, 5018·6, b ₅ , b ₃ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5276·2, 5284·2, 5316·8, D ₃ , D ₂ , 6677, 7065. 4924·1, 5016, 5018·6, b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5197·7, 5234·8, 5276·2, 5284·2, 5316·8, 5363·0, 5535·06, D ₃ , D ₂ , 6677.			
	29	9	4	9	24.5		w	100	49241, 5016, 5018 6, b ₃ , b ₃ , b ₈ , b ₄ , 5276 2, 52842, 531638 b ₄ b ₇			
	31	()	4	3	18-5		W	90	4924:1, 5016, 5018:6, b ₁ , b ₂ , b ₃ , b ₄ , 5197:7, 5234:8 5276:2, 5284:2, 5316:8, 5363:0, 5535:06, D ₁ , D ₂ 6677.			

The nineteen metallic prominences recorded were distributed in latitude as shown below:-

No. of Widowski Williams	**	NAME AND A					Number.	Monn latitude.	Extreme latitudes.
	North	,			,		13	19 6 15-6	39, 1·5 21, 9
	South Equator	•					 5		21, 9

The number recorded is small considering the general activity of the sun, but this is partly explained by the unfavourable observing conditions. It may be noted that more than half the total number were observed in the month of December which was also a magnetically active mouth, a "great" storm being recorded by the Observatory magnetographs from the 16th to the 24th inclusive and "moderate" storms were recorded on six days.

Displacements of the hydrogen lines.

Particulars of the displacements observed in the prominences or chromosphere are given in Table III.

TABLE III.—DISPLACEMENTS OF THE HYDROGEN LINES

And the second s	Пот	Latit				Displacement			
Date.	Hour I.S.T.	North.		Limb.	Red.	Violet.	Both ways.	Remarks.	
1917. July 1 2 4 5 6 8 16 18 19 20 24 August 1	## M ## 10	9 76 05 29 20 17 65 64:5 8 38 26 6	23 80.5 9.5 9.5 24 80 83.5 30 68.5 15	EWWEEEWEEEEE EEWWE	A 1 Slight 0.5 0.5 1 3 Slight Do 0.5 Slight Do.	Slight 3 1 05 Slight 05 1 2 Slight	A Slight	No prominence. Over whole prominence except near base Metallic On upper part. No prominence Do. Over long cloudlet at top. At base Over the whole prominence. At top at north end. At north end. At top	
5 6 8 9 10 10 19	8 44 9 4 8 48 9 4 8 35 9 15 9 17 8 55 8 47 8 50 8 47 9 48 8 49	30 7 17 17 14 12 16 5	7 17 14 12 16 5	7 17 17 19 14 11 11 64·5 12 16·5	W E W E E E W W W W	Slight 05 Slight 05 25 Slight 2 3 Slight	Slight Slight Slight Slight	2	Displacement towards violet at base and towards red over the rest of the prominence.
28 29 30 31 September 8	8 44 11 8 11 5 10 56 9 36 9 40 9 55 9 50 9 50 9 46 9 25 9 10 8 81 8 9 2 8 47	82.5 300 28 3 to 54.5 75 10 62	3 16 8 5 85 5 3 20 8 3	WEEWEE EEEW EWWWW	1.5 Slight 3 2 2 Slight Slight	1 0.5 0.5 2 Slight 0.5 Slight	1	To violet at south end, both ways over southern half of the prominence. Red and violet at different places At top. No prominence.	

D . (.		Hour	Late	tude			Displacem	ent.	
Date	3	Hour IST	North	South	Limb.	Red.	Violet.	Both ways	Remarks.
Septembe	7 or 14 ned. 16 17	п м 9 53 9 26 9 16 9 14 8 38 9 10 9 10	31 36 12 18	63 19 13	E W W E E	A 05 Slight Do.	A 0:5	A	At top.
October	9 11 15	0 5 Slight 0·5 Slight Do. 2 Slight Slight Slight 0·5 1·5 1·0 1·5	Slight Slight 2 Slight Slight Slight 05		Ghosts at a distance of 6 A on both sides of "C" At base At base. At top. Red and violet displacements at different places. At base. At top Do. Do. At base. No prominence. Red and violet displacements at				
	10 13 15	8 42 8 27 8 39 10 1 8 29 9 41 9 49 9 7 9 0 8 45	23·5 36 54·5 2	1.5 24 14 17 25 77	W E W E E W E	5 Slight 0°5 1°5 1	Slight Do. 0.5 0.5 0.5	Slight	At top. To red at base: to violet at top. Over streaks.
	23 24 26 29	8 42 8 27 10 50 9 8 9 9 9 12 8 18 8 41 8 34 8 51	12 5 82 5 23 17 11	0.5 6.5 47.5 83	E W E E E W E E W	Slight. Slight Do. Off Shght 1-5 Shght Do. Off	Slight Slight Slight		Over streaks. At base. To red at top: to violet at base.
November	1 4 5 7 9 10 15	8 53 8 30 9 5 8 52 8 56 11 18 9 40 8 50 8 40 8 52 8 37 8 47 8 43	Equ 41 14 9 35 5	12 28 19 ator 21.5 18.5 64	W W E E W E E W W W W	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 Slight	Slight 1 Slight Do. 1 Slight	1	0.5A both ways at several places and 1 A both ways at one place. At the top of a jet At top. Do. Do.

ъ.		Но	ur	Lati	tude.	Th		Displacemen	ıt.	n .		
Date		I.S T.		North	South	Limb.	Red	Violet	Both ways.	Remarks		
1917. November — continue	22 II.		M 35 35 36 10 30 27 43 56	15 8 Equ 75 17 5 21	sator 58 80 5 18 5	W W W W E W E	A 0 5 0 5 1 Slight 0 5 Slight 1 0 5	A Slight	A	No prominence.		
December	1 2 3 4 5	888 8889889	40 55 28 54 55 23 16 45 50 30	21 23 83 12	28 5·5 48 26 17 5	W W W E E E E	Slight 1 2 Slight Do. Do.	Slight Slight 15		At different places. 1 A to violet a at some positions. At top 1 A to red at southern end and to violet over the rest of the pronence Prominence 7° broad		
	8 10 12 16 18 19 20 21 24 25 26 27 28 29	8 9 9 9 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	53 43 55 55 49 38 55 47 40 35 48	32	21 58 5 13 14·5 28 69	W W W W E E E W W E	Slight Do. Slight Do O'5 Slight Do Do Do. O 5 Slight Do Do. O 5 Slight Do. O 5	Slight Do 3.5 Slight Do. Slight Do. Slight	Slight Slight Slight 0 5	At top At base. At top. At top. At top. At top. At top.		

The total number observed was 172, of which 83 were in the northern hemisphere, 5 on the equator, and 84 in the southern hemisphere. Eighty-nine were on the eastern limb or 52 per cent of the whole. One hundred and four displacements were towards red, 69 towards violet, and 14 both ways simultaneously. One hundred and eighteen displacements were observed between the equator and latitude 30°, twenty-two from 31° to 60° and twenty-seven from 61° to the poles.

Reversals and displacements on the disc.

Two hundred and thirty-nine bright reversals of the Ha line, 18 dark reversals of D_3 and 61 displacements of Ha were recorded. These figures are approximately the same as for the previous half-year taking into

consideration the smaller number of effective days in the last half of the year compared with the first. The distribution east and west of the meridian of these phenomena was as follows.—

							East.	West
Bright reversals of Ha	 	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	119	120
Dark reversals of D ₃			••		•••	• • •	11	7
Displacements of Ha							26	35

Of the displacements 38 were towards red, 15 towards violet and 8 both ways simultaneously.

Prominences projected on the disc as absorption markings.

Photographs of the sun's disc in Ha light were obtained on 117 days counted as 107 effective days. The mean daily areas in millionths of the sun's visible hemisphere corrected for foreshortening, and the mean daily numbers are given below:—

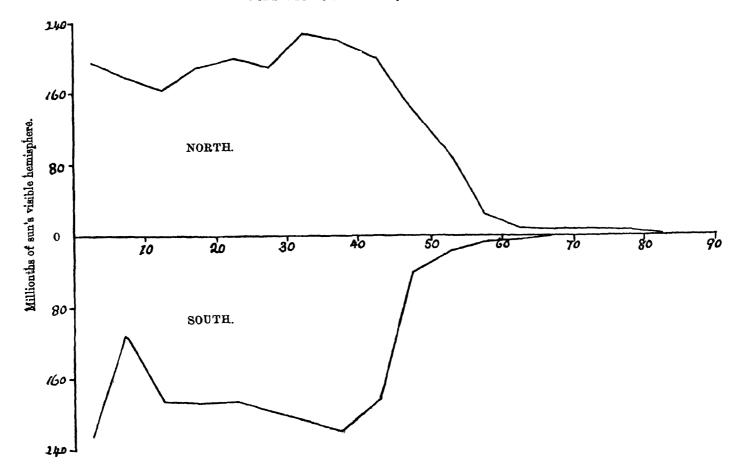
Areas Numbers.

								Tidilinois
North	•••	•••	•••	 	 		 2033	12.3
								11.8
							-	
						Total	3804	241

Both areas and numbers show a large increase compared with the previous half-year although the prominences at the limb show a decrease of mean area. This indicates an increase of density of the prominences, excepting only those in the high latitude zones of activity above latitude 60° which have seldom given evidence of their presence on the disc.

The distribution of the prominence absorption markings in latitude is shown in the accompanying diagram.

MEAN AREAS OF Ha ABSORPTION MARKINGS. JULY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1917



The regions of the greatest activity here indicated are the same as shown by the prominences at the limb (excepting the high latitude prominences), viz., at the equator and between latitude 30° to 35° north and 35° to 40° south.

The distribution cast and west of the central meridian shows the usual excess at the east side the percentage east being 52.67 in the case of areas and 52.76 in the case of numbers. This is the same order of difference between east and west as was found for the first half of the year. If the figures for the entire year are added there results a total of 4725 absorption markings of which 52.81 per cent of areas and 53.08 per cent of numbers were east of the meridian. The most probable excess due to chance is 0.49 per cent on either side, while the chances of excesses of 2.81 per cent and 3.08 per cent on either side are respectively 1700 times and 7700 times less likely than equality on both sides.

KODAIKANAL OBSERVATORY, 2nd March 1918.

J. EVERSHED,

Director.