Rodaíkanal Observätory.

BULLETIN No. CVI.

SUMMARY OF PROMINENCE OBSERVATIONS FOR THE SECOND HALF OF THE YEAR 1934.

In pursuance of the programme of work adopted since 1st January 1923 under the auspices of the International Astronomical Union, all observatories taking spectroheliograms of the sun have been asked to cooperate with the Kodaikanal Observatory by supplying copies of their photographs for those days when the Kodaikanal records are imperfect or wanting In response to our requirements for the second half of the year 1934, the Mount Wilson Observatory supplied calcium (K_{232}) prominence plates for 36 days and H α disc plates for 20 days, the Meudon Observatory supplied calcium (K_3) disc plates for 9 days and H α disc plates for 30 days, and the Pitch Hill Observatory, Ewhurst (Mr J Evershed's) supplied hydrogen prominence plate for 1 day and H α disc plates for 7 days

When only incomplete or imperfect photographs for any day are available from more than one observatory the best photograph is chosen as representing the solar activity of that day, after weighting it according to its quality, and the remaining photographs are ignored.

Calcium Prominences at the Limb.—The mean daily areas and numbers of prominences photographed during the half-year by means of the K line of calcium are given below. The means are corrected for incomplete or imperfect observations, the total of 176 days for which plates were available being reduced to₁148 effective days

					Mean daily areas (Square minutes)	Mean daily numbers
North	•	•	•		1 97	6 70
\mathbf{South}		•			$\frac{1}{96}$	6 65
				\mathbf{Total}	3 93	$13 \ 35$

Compared with the previous half-year, areas and numbers show an increase of 16 per cent. and 6 per cent. respectively.

For comparison with bulletins issued prior to the co-operation of other observatories the means based^m_son Kodaikanal photographs alone are also given, 145 days of observation being counted as 127 effective days

					Mean daily areas (Square minutes).	Mean daily numbers
North (Kodaikanal Photographs only) South (Do)) .			$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 99 \\ 2 & 05 \end{array}$	6 • 86 6 • 78	
	\mathbf{Total}		•	•	4 04	13 64

355

Price annas 7 or 9d

The distribution of prominences in latitude is represented in the following diagram, in which the full line gives the mean daily areas and the broken line the mean daily numbers for each zone of 5° of latitude The ordinates represent tenths of a square minute of arc for the full line and numbers for the broken line

The general increase in prominence activity observed in the first half year is maintained Compared with the first half of 1934, there has been increased activity in the belts 45° to 50° in the northern hemisphere and in the belt 40° to 50° in the southern hemisphere – The maximum of prominence activity has again moved about 5° towards the poles in both the hemispheres



The monthly, quarterly and half yearly areas and numbers and the mean height and the mean extent of the prominences on photographs from all co operating observatories are given in Table I. The unit of area is 1 square minute of arc. The mean height is derived by adding together the greatest heights reached by individual prominences and dividing by the total number of prominences observed, the mean extent is derived by adding together the lengths of the base on the chromosphere of individual prominences and dividing by the total number of prominences

356

	Months.		Number of days		Aroos	Numbers	Daily	means.	Mean	Mean	
				(effective)		111000.		Areas	Numbers	<i>w</i>	extent
	1934										
July	•	•	•	•	24 1	120 3	308	49	12 6	38 8	4 89
August	•	•	•	•	24 1	99 7	357	4.1	14 6	34.5	4 04
September	•	•	•	•	28‡	116•2	424	41	15 0	33 •0	4 26
October	•	•		•	23	82.9	291	36	12 7	35 3	3 69
November		•	•	•	23 1	89 7	275	38	11 7	38 0	4 83
December		•	•	•	241	73 1	320	30	13 2	$32\ 5$	3 50
Thurd quar	ter	•		•	771	336 2	1089	4 4	14 1	35 1	4 27
Fourth que	rter		•	•	702	245 7	886	35	12 5	35 1	3 97
Second hal	f year	•	•	•	148	581 9	1975	39	13 3	35 1	4 14

TABLE I.-ABSTRACT FOR THE SECOND HALF OF 1934

Distribution East and West of the Sun's Axis — As in the previous half-year, both areas and numbers show a slight preponderance in the east limb as will be seen from the following table —

1934 July to December	East	West	Percentage East		
Total number observed		1013	962	51 29	
Total areas in square minutes .	•	$305 \ 3$	$276\ 7$	$52 \ 45$	

Metallic Prominences.—Three metallic prominences were observed during the half-year and their details are given below ·---

TABLE II.—LIST OF METALLIC PROMINENCES JULY TO DECEMBER 1934

Data		Time		Latitude		ude	Limb	Height	Lines (Se	e note at end	l of table).
Date 1934		т s н.	. т. М,	DBBSe,	North	South					
July . August 6 . September .		9	26	2	Nıl. Nıl	35	E	15		4, 10	
November 19 December 18	•	10 10	40 32	8 1	1411	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 21 \cdot 5 \end{array}$	E W	35		4, 10 4, 10	
NoteThe	key to	the way	e-len	gths of me	tallic lines is	as follows					
77			•		Tillere om t		No		2	Eleme	nt

No.	λ	Element.	No	λ	Element
1	4924 · 1	Fe+	7	5276 2	Fe+
2	5016 · 0	He	8	5316 8	Fe+
3	5018 · 6	Fe	9	5363 0	Fe+
4	b ₄ , b ₈ , b ₉ , b ₁	Mg Fe+	10	D ₂ , D ₁	Na
5	5234 · 8	Fe+	11	6677	He
6	5276 · 0	Cr	12	7065	He

357

358

	1°10°	11°20°	21°—30°	31°—40°	Mean latıtude °	Extreme latitudes °	
North							
South			2	1	26° 2	21° 5 & 35	•

Two were on the east limb and one on the west limb

Displacements of the Hydrogen line — Particulars of the displacements observed in the chromosphere and prominences are given in the following table —

Date	TTom	-	Lat	tude	Tamah	Di	splacement	5	- Bemarka		
1934		IS	1 1	North	South		Red	Violet	Both ways		
		H	м	ø	٥			*	▲		
July	13 14 15 17 22	10 8 9 8 10	48 45 45 59 16	$ \begin{array}{r} 37 \\ 73 5 \\ 4 \\ 31 \\ 25 5 \end{array} $	i	E W E W E	S1 0 5	Sl Sl 1		At base In chromosphere At base Do At top	
August	6	9 9	8 22	83 5 17 6	5 5	E E	1	05		At top Do extends over 5° from + 15° to + 20°	
		9 9	$\frac{26}{26}$		35 40	E E		*1 1		At top Do Extends over 2° from 	
		9	26		48	E	2			Do Extends over 4° from 	
	7 23	8 8	46 54	78 35	5 5	W W	Sl 1			In chromosphere At base Extends over 2°	
	26	8 8	44 45	79 85	5	W W	SI	51		In chromosphere	
	28	9	40		4	Ē		SI		Do	
September	3 4. 7	9 9 10 9 9	15 14 8 20	25 82	14 5 27	W W E W	1 05 S1 S1	a		At top At base In chromosphere Do	
	13 15 18	9 9 9	21 40 38	1	38 30 26	5 W W	SI 1 1	81		Do At base At top Do	
	10	9	20	55	5	E		S1 81		Do At bäse	
October	5 8	9 8	50 20	60	49 5	5 E W		' 1 SI		At top Do Extends over 2° from + 59 5° to + 61 5.°	
November	3 19	10 9 10	27 42 40	28	29 18	E E 5 E	1	Si 1		At top At base Do	
	22	8	54	£	42	W	81			At top	

TABLE III --- DISPLACEMENTS OF HYDROGEN LINE

359

TABLE III.-DISPLACEMENTS OF HYDROGEN LINE

Date.		Hour -		Latitude.		T 1	Displacement.			D		
1934		IST.		North.	South	Limp	Red.	Violet.	Both ways.	- Kemarks.		
		H.	М.	o	o		*	*	A			
December	1	11	20		73	E		Sl		At top.		
	7	8	57		61	w	0.2			In chromosphere.		
	8	10	30	84		w	1			Attop		
		10	32	86		W		1		Do		
	9	9	55	54.5		E	05			At base		
	18	10	54		25	Ē		SI		At top.		
		10	18	46		\mathbf{w}	05			Do.		
		10	15	61		W		S1		At base		
	19	10	7	45		\mathbf{E}	Sl			Attop		
		10	15		28 5	\mathbf{E}	05			Do.		
	24	9	45		26.5	\mathbf{E}			Sl			
	25	8	55		35	\mathbf{E}	Sl			At base. Extends over 2° from - 34° to - 36°.		
	27	10	33		49	\mathbf{E}		SI		In chromosphere,		
	31	9	37	31.2		w	3			At top Extends over 3° from $+$ 30° to $+$ 33°.		

The total number of displacements was 45 as against 92 in the previous half-year and their distribution was as follows :---

											North.	South.
1 to 30°.			•				•	•		•	6	9
31° to 60°		•		•	•	•				•	8	9
61° to 90°.		•	•	•	•	•	•			•	11	2
							То	tal	•	•	25	20
East Limb		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	25
West Limb	•		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	20
								ŋ	Fotal	•	•••	45

Of these displacements, 24 were towards the red, 20 towards the violet and one both ways simultaneously.

Reversals and Displacements on the Sun's Disc.—Fifty-five bright reversals of the Ha line, 45 dark reversals of the D₈ line and 3 displacements of the Ha line were observed during the half-year. Their distribution is given below —

					\mathbf{North}	South.	\mathbf{East}	West.
Bright reversals of Ha	•	•	•	•	28	27	38	17
Dark reversals of D_3	•	•		•	24	21	32	13
Displacements of Ha .	•	•			1	2	3	•

Two displacements were towards the red, none towards the violet and one both ways simultaneously

Prominences projected on the Disc as Absorption Markings — Photographs of the sun's disc in Ha light were available from Kodalkanal and the co-operating observatories for a total of 177 days which were counted as

161 effective days	The mean daily	areas of Ho	absorption	markings	(corrected for	foreshortening)	m
millionths of the su	n's visible hemispl	nere and their	mean daily r	numbers are	given below	56 3 1	

North South	-	·	Mean daily areas 1050 1511	Mean daily numbers 5 15 6 76
		Total	2561	11 91

The above figures show an increase of 64 per cent in areas and 34 per cent in numbers, compared with the first half of the year, the activity in the southern hemisphere being more than doubled

For comparison with bulletins issued prior to the co-operation of other observatories the means based on Kodaikanal photographs alone are also given, 135 days of observation being reduced to 122 effective days

				Mean daily	Mean dall
				areas	numbers
North (Kodakanal photographs only)				1102	5 04
South (Do)		1439	6 61
			\mathbf{Total}		11 65

The distribution of mean daily areas in latitude is shown in the following diagram Compared with the previous half year there has been general increase in activity in both the hemispheres, the increase in the southern hemisphere being very marked The maximum of activity is maintained in the zone 45° to 50° in both hemispheres as in the previous half-year and no march of the maximum towards the poles is observed, although the activity between 50° and 60° is greatly increased



360

Compared with the previous half-year, areas show a slight eastern preponderance and numbers a. . slight defect, the percentage in areas being 52 and in numbers 49.5.

The mean daily areas of $H\alpha$ absorption markings uncorrected for foreshortening are given below.

									Mean daily areas
North									550
South	•					•	•	•	714
						Total	•	•	1264

The uncorrected areas amount to 49 per cent. of the corrected ones, the percentage being slightly less than the previous half-year.

The curve of distribution in latitude is similar to that for the corrected areas as usual.

Thanks are due to the co-operating observatories for the photographs supplied by them.

KODAIKANAL,

T ROYDS,

...9th August 1935

Director, Kodarkanal Observatory.

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